

# *Software Design, Modelling and Analysis in UML*

## *Lecture 13: Core State Machines III*

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### *Contents & Goals*

#### **Last Lecture:**

- System configuration cont'd
- Action language and transformer

#### **This Lecture:**

- **Educational Objectives:** Capabilities for following tasks/questions.
  - What does this State Machine mean? What happens if I inject this event?
  - Can you please model the following behaviour.
  - What is: Signal, Event, Ether, Transformer, Step, RTC.
- **Content:**
  - Step, Run-to-Completion Step

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## Transition Relation

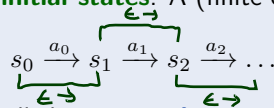
### Transition Relation, Computation

**Definition.** Let  $A$  be a set of **labels** and  $S$  a (not necessarily finite) set of **states**. We call

$$\rightarrow \subseteq S \times A \times S$$

a (labelled) **transition relation**.

Let  $S_0 \subseteq S$  be a set of **initial states**. A (finite or infinite) sequence



with  $s_i \in S$ ,  $a_i \in A$  is called **computation** of the **labelled transition system**  $(S, A, \rightarrow, S_0)$  if and only if

- **initiation:**  $s_0 \in S_0$
- **consecution:**  $(s_i, a_i, s_{i+1}) \in \rightarrow$  for  $i \in \mathbb{N}_0$ .

## Active vs. Passive Classes/Objects

- **Note:** From now on, for simplicity, assume that all classes are **active**.

We'll later briefly discuss the Rhapsody framework which proposes a way how to integrate non-active objects.

- **Note:** The following RTC "algorithm" follows [Harel and Gery \(1997\)](#) (i.e. the one realised by the Rhapsody code generation) if the standard is ambiguous or leaves choices.

## From Core State Machines to LTS

**Definition.** Let  $\mathcal{S}_0 = (\mathcal{I}_0, \mathcal{C}_0, V_0, atr_0, \mathcal{E})$  be a signature with signals (all classes in  $\mathcal{C}_0$  **active**),  $\mathcal{D}_0$  a structure of  $\mathcal{S}_0$ , and  $(Eth, ready, \oplus, \ominus, [\cdot])$  an ether over  $\mathcal{S}_0$  and  $\mathcal{D}_0$ . Assume there is one core state machine  $M_C$  per class  $C \in \mathcal{C}$ .

We say, the state machines **induce** the following labelled transition relation on states  $S := (\Sigma_{\mathcal{D}} \times Eth) \dot{\cup} \{\#\}$  with labels  $A := 2^{\mathcal{D}(\mathcal{E})} \times 2^{(\mathcal{D}(\mathcal{E}) \dot{\cup} \{*,+\}) \times \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C})} \times \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C})$ :

- $(\sigma, \varepsilon) \xrightarrow{(cons, Snd)} (\sigma', \varepsilon')$

if and only if

- an event with destination  $u$  is **discarded**,
- an event is **dispatched** to  $u$ , i.e. stable object processes an event, or
- run-to-completion processing by  $u$  **continues**, i.e. object  $u$  is not stable and continues to process an event,
- the **environment** interacts with object  $u$ ,

- $s \xrightarrow{(cons, \emptyset)} \#$

if and only if

- an **error condition** occurs during consumption of  $cons$ , or  $(s = \# \text{ and } cons = \emptyset)$ .

### (i) Discarding An Event

$$(\sigma, \varepsilon) \xrightarrow[u]{(cons, Snd)} (\sigma', \varepsilon')$$

if

} condition on  $(\sigma, \varepsilon)$

and

} conditions on  $(\sigma', \varepsilon')$

### (i) Discarding An Event

$$(\sigma, \varepsilon) \xrightarrow[u]{(cons, Snd)} (\sigma', \varepsilon')$$

if

- an  $E$ -event (instance of signal  $E$ ) is ready in  $\varepsilon$  for object  $u$  of a class  $\mathcal{C}$ , i.e. if

$$u \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \cap \mathcal{D}(C) \wedge \exists u_E \in \mathcal{D}(E) : u_E \in \text{ready}(\varepsilon, u)$$

- $u$  is stable and in state machine state  $s$ , i.e.  $\sigma(u)(\text{stable}) = 1$  and  $\sigma(u)(st) = s$ ,
- but there is no corresponding transition enabled (all transitions incident with current state of  $u$  either have other triggers or the guard is not satisfied)

$$\forall (s, F, \text{expr}, \text{act}, s') \in \rightarrow (\mathcal{SM}_C) : F \neq E \vee I[\text{expr}](\sigma, u) = 0$$

and

- in the system configuration, stability may change,  $u_E$  goes away, i.e.

$$\sigma' = \sigma[u.\text{stable} \mapsto b] \setminus \{u_E \mapsto \sigma(u_E)\}$$

where  $b = 0$  if and only if there is a transition **with trigger '·'** enabled for  $u$  in  $(\sigma', \varepsilon')$ .

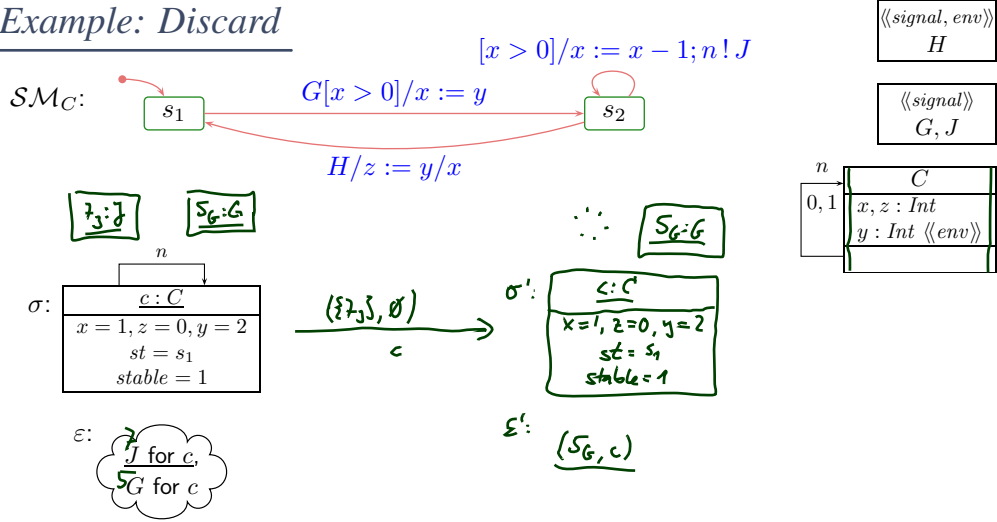
- the event  $u_E$  is removed from the ether, i.e.

$$\varepsilon' = \varepsilon \ominus u_E,$$

- consumption of  $u_E$  is observed, i.e.

$$\text{cons} = \{u_E\}, \quad \text{Snd} = \emptyset.$$

## Example: Discard



- $u \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \cap \mathcal{D}(C)$
- $u_E \in \mathcal{D}(E), u_E \in \text{ready}(\varepsilon, u)$
- $\forall [s] F, \text{expr}, \text{act}, s' \in \rightarrow (SM_C) : F \neq E \vee I[\text{expr}](\sigma, u) = 0$
- $\sigma(u)(stable) = 1, \sigma(u)(st) = s$
- $\sigma' = \sigma[u.stable \mapsto b] \setminus \{u_E \mapsto \sigma(u_E)\}$
- $\varepsilon' = \varepsilon \ominus u_E$
- $cons = \{u_E\}, Snd = \emptyset$

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## (ii) Dispatch

$$(\sigma, \varepsilon) \xrightarrow[u]{(cons, Snd)} (\sigma', \varepsilon')$$

if

- $u \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \cap \mathcal{D}(C) \wedge \exists u_E \in \mathcal{D}(E) : u_E \in \text{ready}(\varepsilon, u)$
- $u$  is stable and in state machine state  $s$ , i.e.  $\sigma(u)(stable) = 1$  and  $\sigma(u)(st) = s$ ,
- a transition is **enabled**, i.e.

$$\exists (s, F, \text{expr}, \text{act}, s') \in \rightarrow (SM_C) : F = E \wedge I[\text{expr}](\tilde{\sigma}, u) = 1$$

where  $\tilde{\sigma} = \sigma[u.params_E \mapsto u_E]$ .

and

- $(\sigma', \varepsilon')$  results from applying  $t_{act}$  to  $(\sigma, \varepsilon)$  and removing  $u_E$  from the ether, i.e.

$$\sigma' = (\sigma''[u.st \mapsto s', u.stable \mapsto b, u.params_E \mapsto \emptyset])|_{\mathcal{D}(C) \setminus \{u_E\}}$$

*remove  $u_E$*

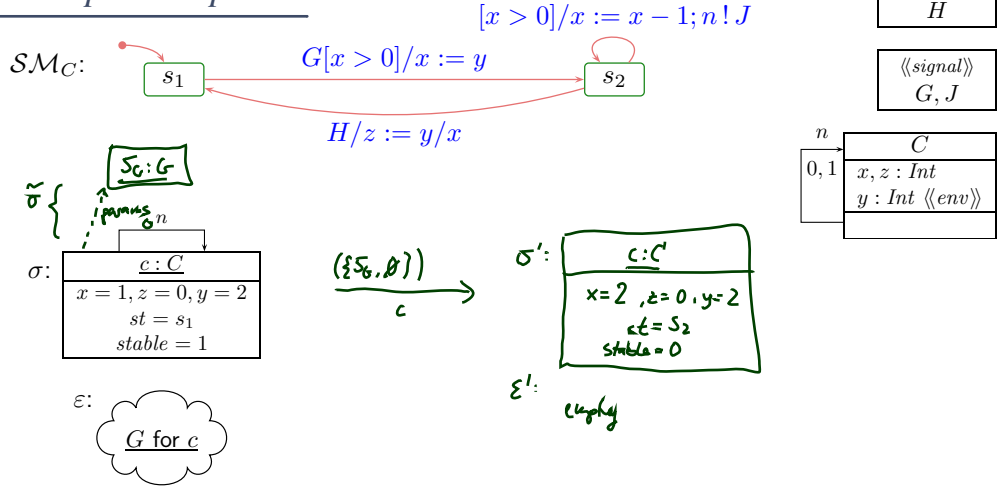
where  $b$  **depends** (see (i))

- Consumption of  $u_E$  and the side effects of the action are observed, i.e.

$$cons = \{u_E\}, Snd = Obs_{t_{act}}[u](\tilde{\sigma}, \varepsilon \ominus u_E).$$

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## Example: Dispatch



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- $u \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \cap \mathcal{D}(C)$
- $u_E \in \mathcal{D}(E), u_E \in \text{ready}(\varepsilon, u)$
- $\exists (s, F, \text{expr}, \text{act}, s') \in \rightarrow (SM_C) : F = E \wedge I[\text{expr}](\tilde{\sigma}, u) = 1$
- $\tilde{\sigma} = \sigma[u.\text{params}_E \mapsto u_E]$
- $\sigma(u)(\text{stable}) = 1, \sigma(u)(st) = s,$
- $(\sigma'', \varepsilon') = t_{\text{act}}(\tilde{\sigma}, \varepsilon \ominus u_E)$
- $\sigma' = (\sigma''[u.st \mapsto s', u.stable \mapsto b, u.params_E \mapsto \emptyset])|_{\mathcal{D}(\emptyset) \setminus \{u_E\}}$
- $\text{cons} = \{u_E\}, \text{Snd} = \text{Obs}_{t_{\text{act}}}[u](\tilde{\sigma}, \varepsilon \ominus u_E)$

## (iii) Continue Run-to-Completion

$$(\sigma, \varepsilon) \xrightarrow[u]{(\text{cons}, \text{Snd})} (\sigma', \varepsilon')$$

**if**

- there is an unstable object  $u$  of a class  $\mathcal{C}$ , i.e.

$$u \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \cap \mathcal{D}(C) \wedge \sigma(u)(\text{stable}) = 0$$

- there is a transition without trigger enabled from the current state  $s = \sigma(u)(st)$ , i.e.

$$\exists (s, -, \text{expr}, \text{act}, s') \in \rightarrow (SM_C) : I[\text{expr}](\sigma, u) = 1$$

**and**

- $(\sigma', \varepsilon')$  results from applying  $t_{\text{act}}$  to  $(\sigma, \varepsilon)$ , i.e.

$$(\sigma'', \varepsilon') \in t_{\text{act}}[u](\sigma, \varepsilon), \quad \sigma' = \sigma''[u.st \mapsto s', u.stable \mapsto b]$$

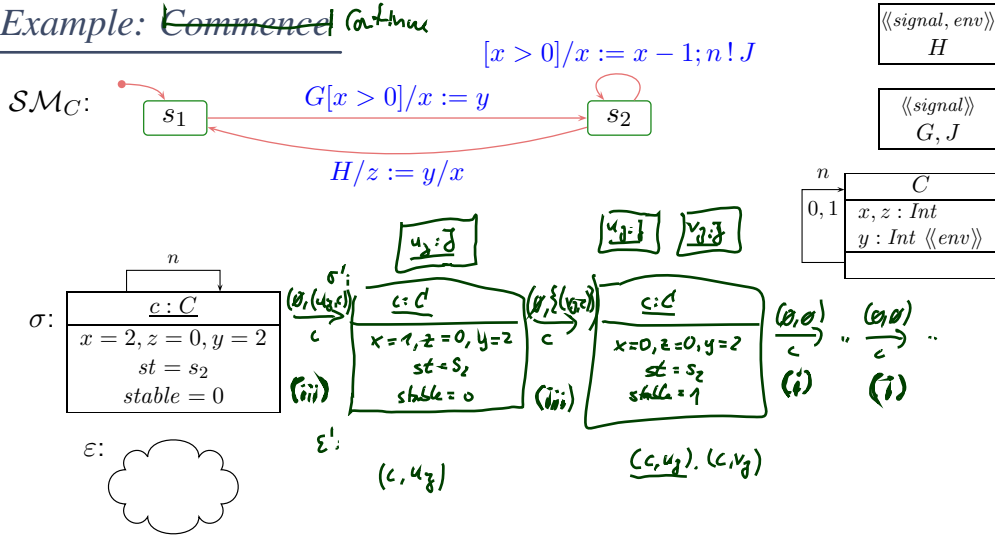
where  $b$  depends as before.

- Only the side effects of the action are observed, i.e.

$$\text{cons} = \emptyset, \quad \text{Snd} = \text{Obs}_{t_{\text{act}}}[u](\sigma, \varepsilon).$$

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Example: Commenced  $\text{act}_{\text{true}}$



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- $u \in \text{dom}(\sigma) \cap \mathcal{D}(C), \sigma(u)(\text{stable}) = 0$
- $\exists (s, \_, \text{expr}, \text{act}, s') \in \rightarrow (SM_C) : I[\text{expr}](\sigma, u) = 1$
- $\sigma(u)(st) = s_j$
- $(\sigma'', \varepsilon') = t_{act}(\sigma, \varepsilon)$
- $\sigma' = \sigma''[u.st \mapsto s', u.stable \mapsto b]$
- $\text{cons} = \emptyset, \text{Snd} = \text{Obs}_{t_{act}}(\sigma, \varepsilon)$

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(iv) Environment Interaction

Assume that a set  $\mathcal{E}_{env} \subseteq \mathcal{E}$  is designated as **environment events** and a set of attributes  $V_{env} \subseteq V$  is designated as **input attributes**.

Then

$$(\sigma, \varepsilon) \xrightarrow[\text{env}]{(\text{cons}, \text{Snd})} (\sigma', \varepsilon')$$

**if either (!)**

- an environment event  $E \in \mathcal{E}_{env}$  is spontaneously sent to an alive object  $u \in \text{dom}(\sigma)$ , i.e.

$$\sigma' = \sigma \dot{\cup} \{u_E \mapsto \{v_i \mapsto d_i \mid 1 \leq i \leq n\}, \quad \varepsilon' = \varepsilon \oplus (u, u_E)$$

where  $u_E \notin \text{dom}(\sigma)$  and  $\text{atr}(E) = \{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$ .

- Sending of the event is observed, i.e.  $\text{cons} = \emptyset, \text{Snd} = \{u_E, \}$ .

**or**

- Values of input attributes change freely in alive objects, i.e.

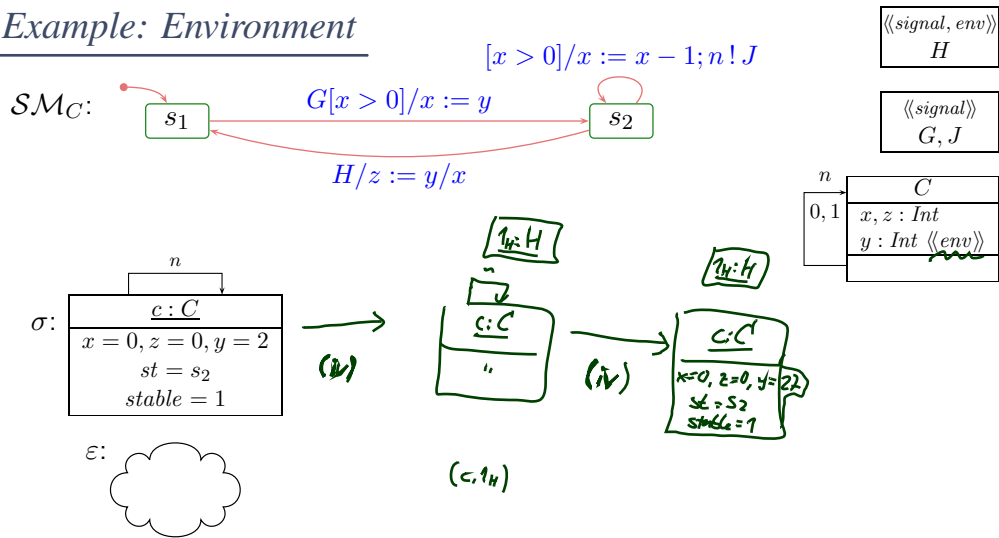
$$\forall v \in V \forall u \in \text{dom}(\sigma) : \sigma'(u)(v) \neq \sigma(u)(v) \implies v \in V_{env}.$$

and no objects appear or disappear, i.e.  $\text{dom}(\sigma') = \text{dom}(\sigma)$ .

- $\varepsilon' = \varepsilon$ .

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### Example: Environment

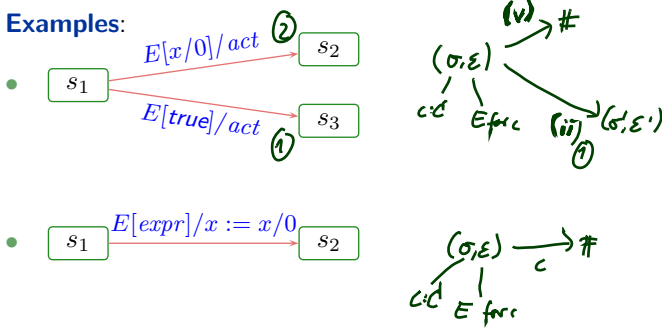


- $\sigma' = \sigma \dot{\cup} \{u_E \mapsto \{v_i \mapsto d_i \mid 1 \leq i \leq n\}\}$
- $u \in \text{dom}(\sigma)$
- $\epsilon' = \epsilon \oplus u_E$  where  $u_E \notin \text{dom}(\sigma)$
- $cons = \emptyset, \quad Snd = \{(env, E(\vec{d}))\}$ .
- and  $\text{atr}(E) = \{v_1, \dots, v_n\}$ .

### (v) Error Conditions

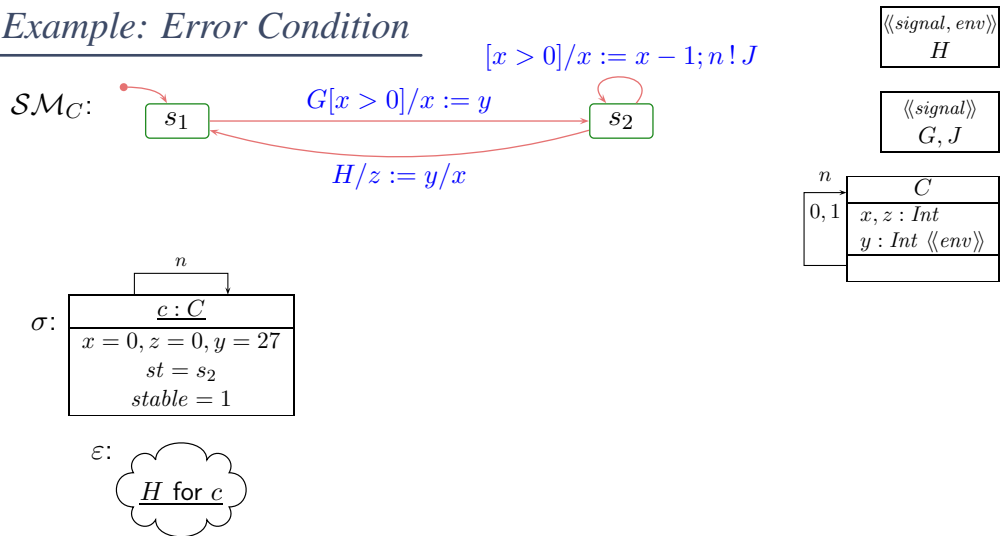
$$s \xrightarrow[u]{(cons, Snd)} \#$$

- if**, in (i), (ii), or (iii),
- $I[\text{expr}]$  is not defined for  $\sigma$  and  $u$ , or
  - $t_{act}[u]$  is not defined for  $(\sigma, \epsilon)$ ,
- and**
- $cons = \emptyset$ , and  $Snd = \emptyset$ .





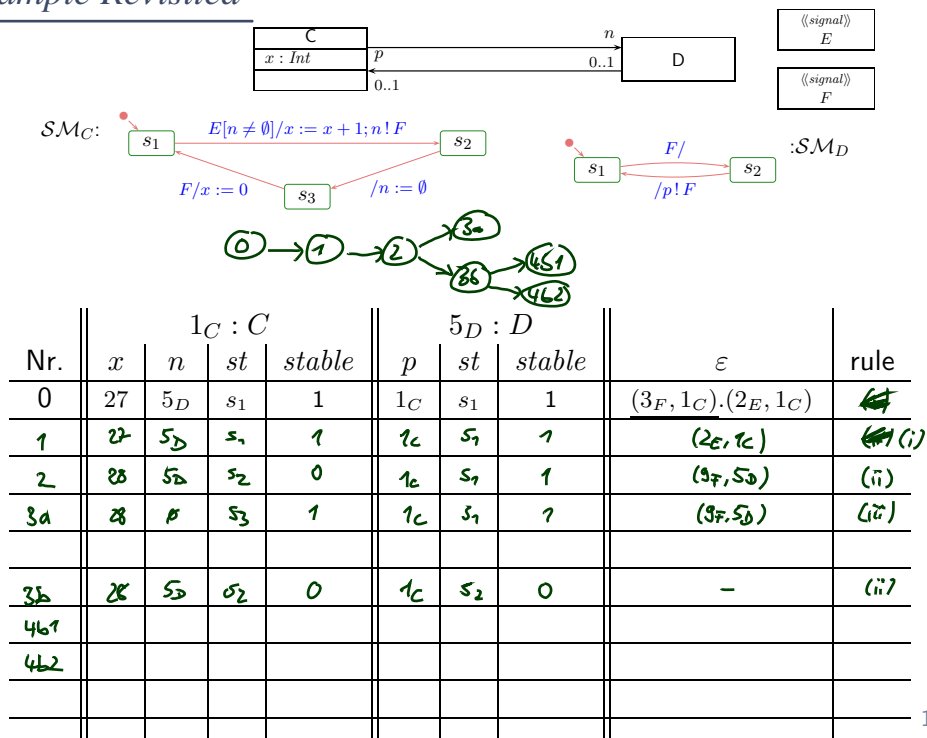
### Example: Error Condition



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- $I[\llbracket expr \rrbracket]$  not defined for  $\sigma$  and  $u$ , or
- $t_{act}[u]$  is not defined for  $(\sigma, \epsilon)$
- $cons = \emptyset$ ,
- $Snd = \emptyset$

### Example Revisited



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## *References*

## *References*

Harel, D. and Gery, E. (1997). Executable object modeling with statecharts. *IEEE Computer*, 30(7):31–42.

OMG (2011a). Unified modeling language: Infrastructure, version 2.4.1. Technical Report formal/2011-08-05.

OMG (2011b). Unified modeling language: Superstructure, version 2.4.1. Technical Report formal/2011-08-06.