

Software Design, Modelling and Analysis in UML

Lecture 17: Live Sequence Charts II

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Contents & Goals

Last Lecture:

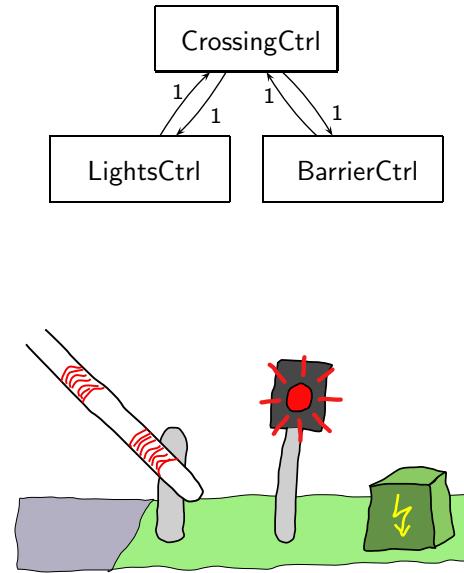
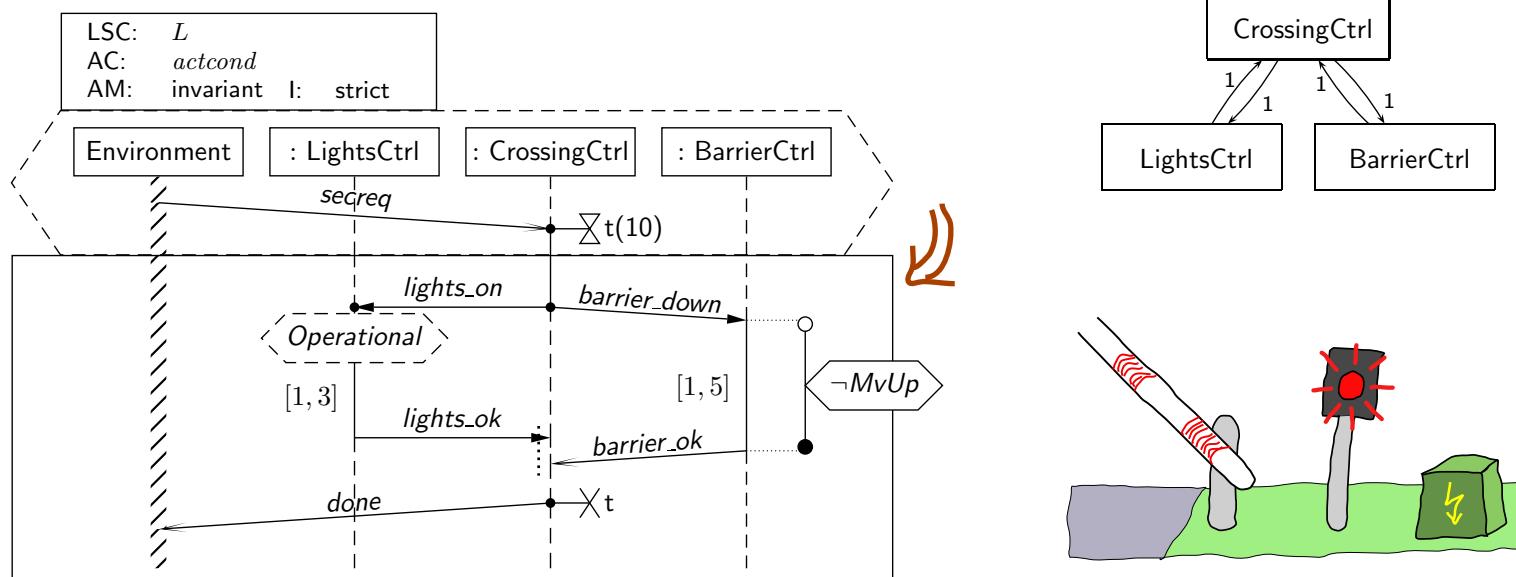
- Reflective vs. constructive description of behaviour
- Live Sequence Charts: syntax, intuition

This Lecture:

- **Educational Objectives:** Capabilities for following tasks/questions.
 - What does this LSC mean?
 - Are this UML model's state machines consistent with the interactions?
 - Please provide a UML model which is consistent with this LSC.
 - What is: activation, hot/cold condition, pre-chart, etc.?
- **Content:**
 - Symbolic Büchi Automata (TBA) and its (accepted) language.
 - LSC formal semantics.

Recall: Live Sequence Charts Syntax

Recall: Example



- Whenever the CrossingCtrl has consumed a ‘secreq’ event
- then it shall finally send ‘lights_on’ and ‘barrier_down’ to LightsCtrl and BarrierCtrl,
- if LightsCtrl is not ‘operational’ when receiving that event,
the rest of this scenario doesn’t apply; maybe there’s another LSC for that case.
- if LightsCtrl is ‘operational’ when receiving that event,
it shall reply with ‘lights_ok’ within 1–3 time units,
- the BarrierCtrl shall reply with ‘barrier_ok’ within 1–5 time units, during this time
(dispatch time not included) it shall not be in state ‘MvUp’,
- ‘lights_ok’ and ‘barrier_ok’ may occur in any order.
- After having consumed both, CrossingCtrl may reply with ‘done’ to the environment.

Recall: LSC Body – Abstract Syntax

Let $\Theta = \{\text{hot}, \text{cold}\}$. An **LSC body** is a tuple

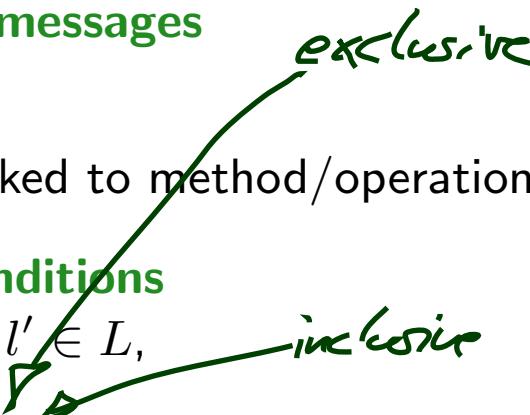
$$(I, (\mathcal{L}, \preceq), \sim, \mathcal{S}, \text{Msg}, \text{Cond}, \text{LocInv})$$

where

- I is a finite set of **instance lines**, each associated with a class $C \in \mathcal{C}$
- (\mathcal{L}, \preceq) is a finite, non-empty, partially ordered set of **locations**, each $l \in \mathcal{L}$ is associated with a temperature $\theta(l) \in \Theta$ and an instance line $i_l \in I$,
- $\sim \subseteq \mathcal{L} \times \mathcal{L}$ is an **equivalence relation** on locations, the **simultaneity** relation,
- $\mathcal{S} = (\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{C}, V, \text{atr}, \text{ctr})$ is a signature,
- $\text{Msg} \subseteq \mathcal{L} \times \mathcal{E} \times \mathcal{L}$ is a set of **asynchronous messages** with $(l, b, l') \in \text{Msg}$ only if $l \sim l'$,

Not: **instantaneous messages** — could be linked to method/operation calls.

- $\text{Cond} \subseteq (2^{\mathcal{L}} \setminus \emptyset) \times \text{Expr}_{\mathcal{S}} \times \Theta$ is a set of **conditions** with $(L, \text{expr}, \theta) \in \text{Cond}$ only if $l \sim l'$ for all $l, l' \in L$,
- $\text{LocInv} \subseteq \mathcal{L} \times \{\circ, \bullet\} \times \text{Expr}_{\mathcal{S}} \times \Theta \times \mathcal{L} \times \{\circ, \bullet\}$ is a set of **local invariants**,



Example

$(I, (\mathcal{L}, \preceq), \sim, \mathcal{S}, \text{Msg}, \text{Cond}, \text{LocInv})$

$$\text{Msg} \subseteq \mathcal{L} \times \mathcal{E} \times \mathcal{L}$$

$$\text{Cond} \subseteq (2^{\mathcal{L}} \setminus \emptyset) \times \text{Expr}_{\mathcal{S}} \times \Theta$$

$$\text{LocInv} \subseteq$$

$$\mathcal{L} \times \{\circ, \bullet\} \times \text{Expr}_{\mathcal{S}} \times \Theta \times \mathcal{L} \times \{\circ, \bullet\}$$

$$I = \{x, y, z\}, \quad C(x) = C_1, \dots$$

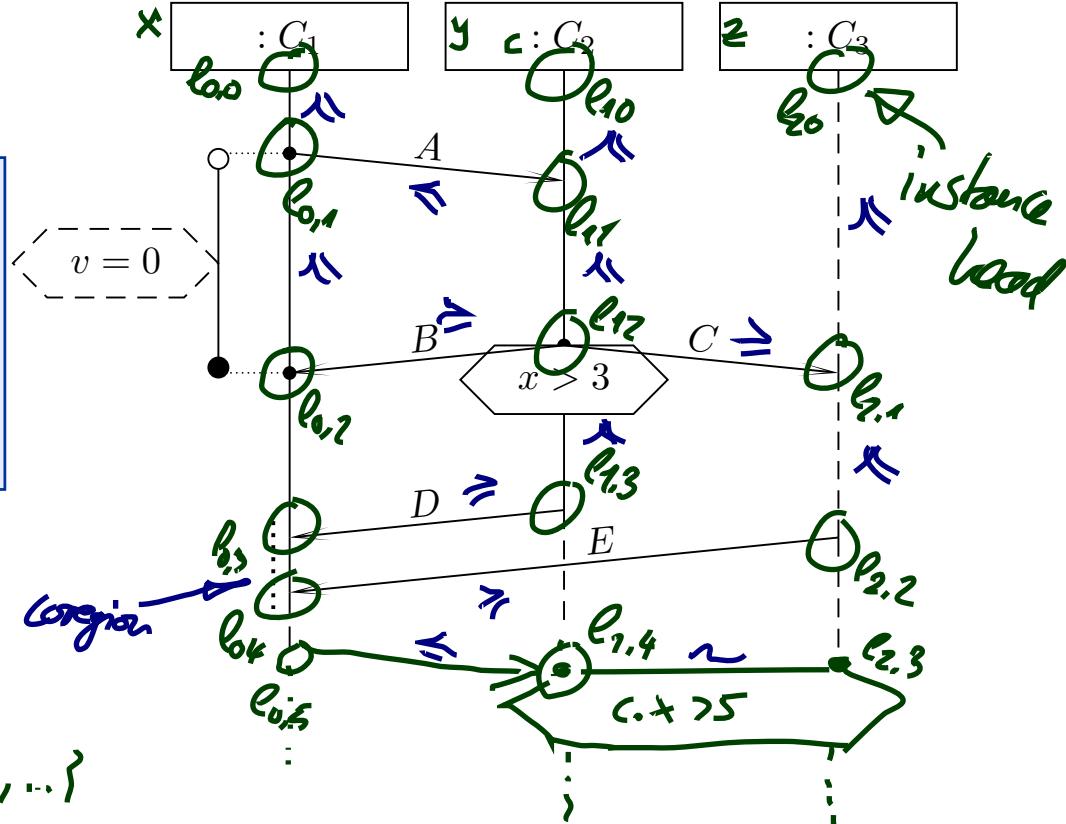
$$\mathcal{L} = \{ (l_{0,0}, \text{hot}), (l_{1,0}, \text{cold}), \dots \}$$

$$\preceq \subseteq \mathcal{L} \times \mathcal{L}: \{ l_{0,0} \preceq l_{0,1}, \dots, l_{0,0} \preceq l_{0,1}, l_{0,1} \preceq l_{0,2}, l_{0,2} \preceq l_{0,3}, l_{0,3} \preceq l_{0,4}, \dots \}$$

$$\text{Msg} = \{ (l_{0,1}, A, l_{1,1}), \dots \} \quad \sim = \{ (l_{1,4}, l_{2,3}) \}$$

$$\text{Cond} = \{ (\{l_{1,4}, l_{2,3}\}, (x > 5), \text{hot}), \dots \}$$

$$\text{LocInv} = \{ (l_{0,1}, \circ, (v=0), \text{cold}, l_{0,2}, \bullet) \}$$



Recall: Well-Formedness

Bondedness/no floating conditions: (could be relaxed a little if we wanted to)

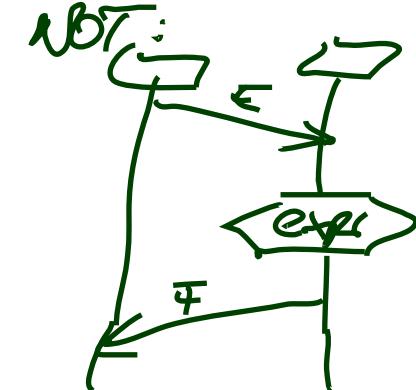
- For each location $l \in \mathcal{L}$, **if** l is the location of

- a **condition**, i.e.

$$\exists (L, expr, \theta) \in \text{Cond} : l \in L,$$

- a **local invariant**, i.e.

$$\exists (l_1, i_1, expr, \theta, l_2, i_2) \in \text{LocInv} : l \in \{l_1, l_2\}, \text{ or}$$



then there is a location l' **equivalent** to l which is the location of

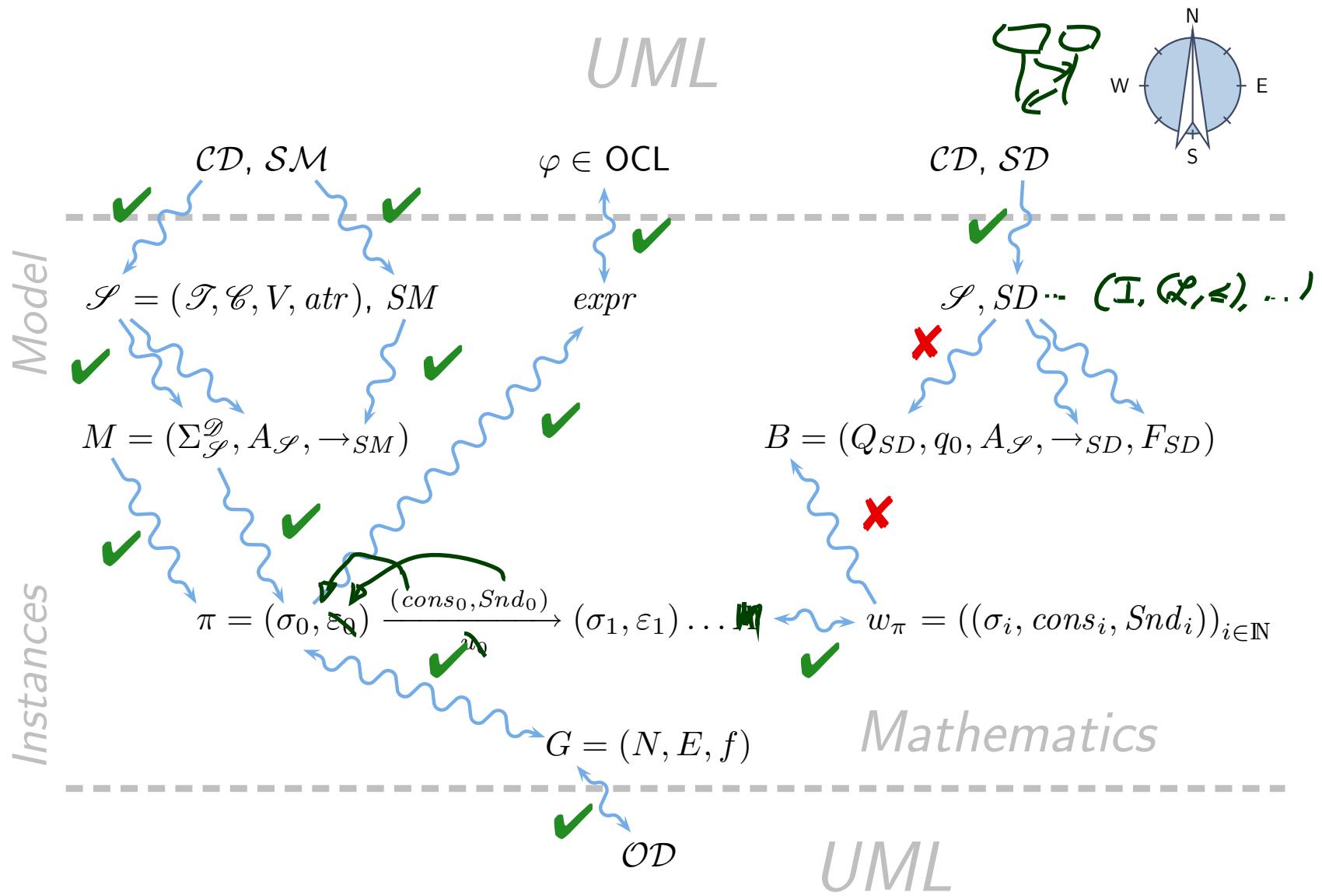
- a **message**, i.e.

$$\exists (l_1, b, l_2) \in \text{Msg} : l \in \{l_1, l_2\}, \text{ or}$$

- an **instance head**, i.e. l' is minimal wrt. \preceq .

Note: if messages in a chart are **cyclic**, then there doesn't exist a partial order (so such charts don't even have an abstract syntax).

Course Map



Live Sequence Charts Semantics

TBA-based Semantics of LSCs

Plan:

- Given an LSC L with body
$$(I, (\mathcal{L}, \preceq), \sim, \mathcal{S}, \text{Msg}, \text{Cond}, \text{LocInv})$$
- Construct a TBA \mathcal{B}_L — taking the **cuts** of L as states.
- Define $\mathcal{L}(L)$ **in terms of** $\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{B}_L)$,
in particular taking activation condition and activation mode into account.

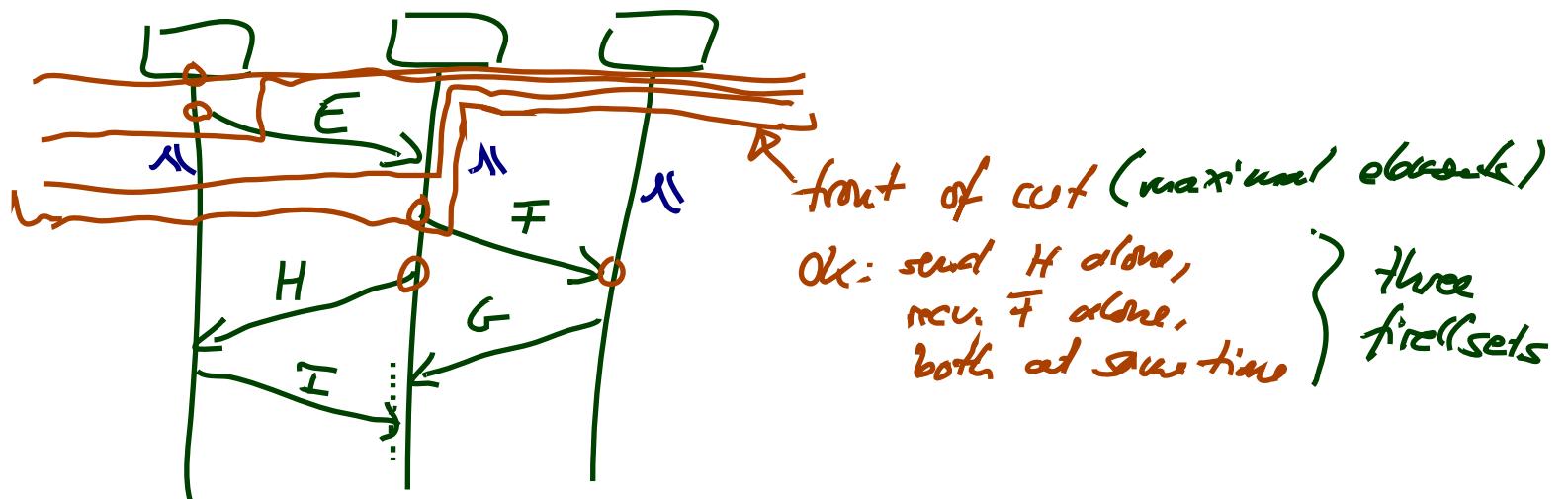
Formal LSC Semantics: It's in the Cuts

- Let $(I, (\mathcal{L}, \preceq), \sim, \mathcal{S}, \text{Msg}, \text{Cond}, \text{LocInv})$ be an LSC body.
- A non-empty set

$$\emptyset \neq C \subseteq \mathcal{L}$$

is called a **cut** of the LSC body if and only if

- it is **downward closed**, i.e. $\forall l, l' : l' \in C \wedge l \preceq l' \implies l \in C$,
- it is **closed under simultaneity**, i.e. $\forall l, l' : l' \in C \wedge l \sim l' \implies l \in C$, and
- it comprises at least **one location per instance line**, i.e. $\forall i \in I \exists l \in C : i_l = i$.



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 - it comprises at least **one location per instance line**, i.e. $\forall i \in I \exists l \in C : i_l = i$.
- A cut C is called **hot**, denoted by $\theta(C) = \text{hot}$, if and only if at least one of its maximal elements is hot, i.e. if

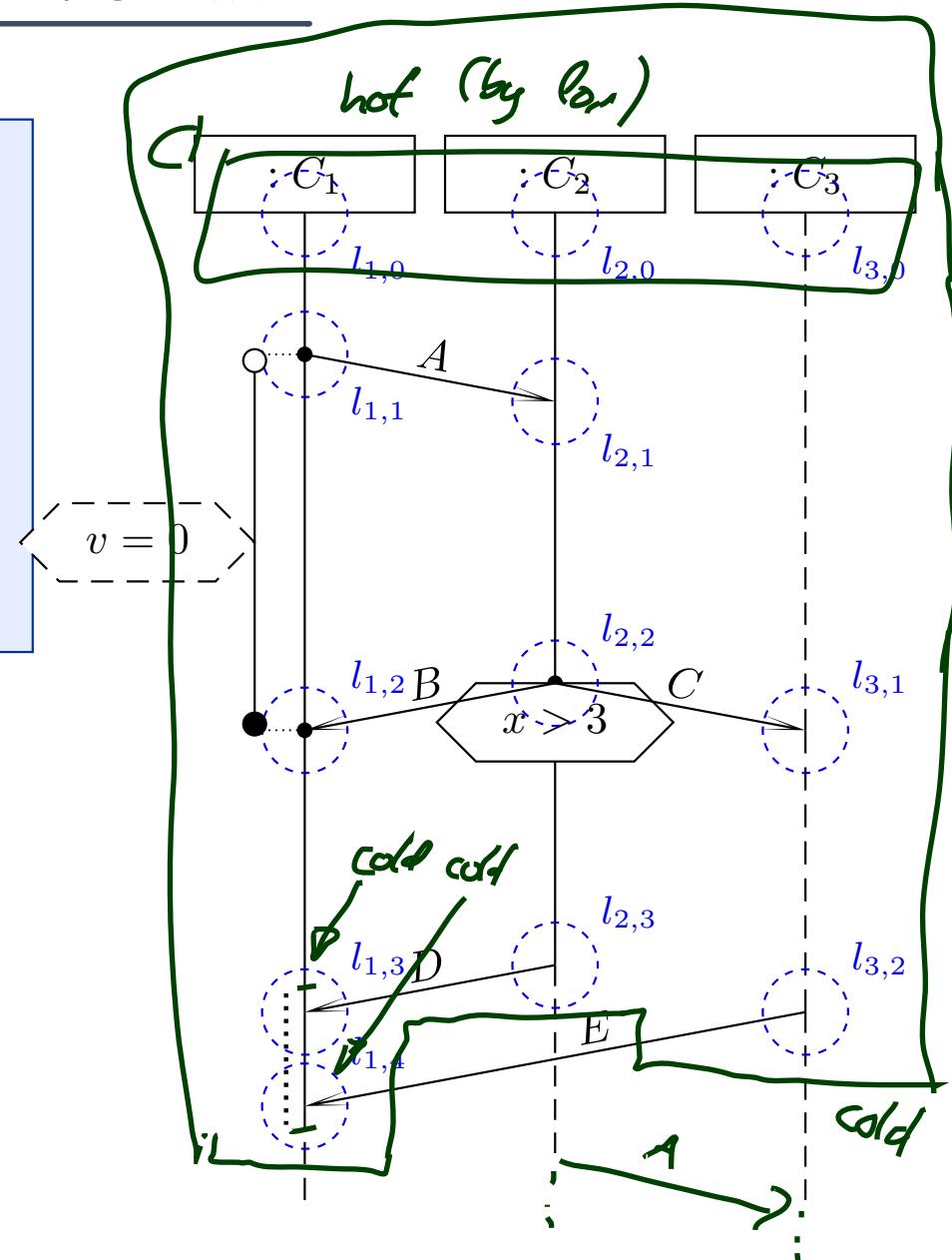
$$\exists l \in C : \theta(l) = \text{hot} \wedge \nexists l' \in C : l \prec l'$$

Otherwise, C is called **cold**, denoted by $\theta(C) = \text{cold}$.

Examples: Cut or Not Cut? Hot/Cold?

- (i) **non-empty** set $\emptyset \neq C \subseteq \mathcal{L}$,
- (ii) **downward closed**, i.e.
 $\forall l, l' : l' \in C \wedge l \preceq l' \implies l \in C$
- (iii) **closed** under **simultaneity**, i.e.
 $\forall l, l' : l' \in C \wedge l \sim l' \implies l \in C$
- (iv) at least **one location per instance line**, i.e.
 $\forall i \in I \exists l \in C : i_l = i$,

- $C_0 = \emptyset$
- $C_1 = \{l_{1,0}, l_{2,0}, l_{3,0}\}$
- $C_2 = \{l_{1,1}, l_{2,1}, l_{3,0}\}$
- $C_3 = \{l_{1,0}, l_{1,1}\}$
- $C_4 = \{l_{1,0}, l_{1,1}, l_{2,0}, l_{3,0}\}$
- $C_5 = \{l_{1,0}, l_{1,1}, l_{2,0}, l_{2,1}, l_{3,0}\}$
- $C_6 = \mathcal{L} \setminus \{l_{1,3}, l_{2,3}\}$
- $C_7 = \mathcal{L}$



A Successor Relation on Cuts

The partial order of (\mathcal{L}, \preceq) and the simultaneity relation “ \sim ” induce a **direct successor relation** on cuts of \mathcal{L} as follows:

- Let $C, C' \subseteq \mathcal{L}$ be cuts. C' is called **direct successor** of C via **fired-set** F , denoted by $C \rightsquigarrow_F C'$, if and only if

- $F \neq \emptyset$,
- $C' \setminus C = F$,

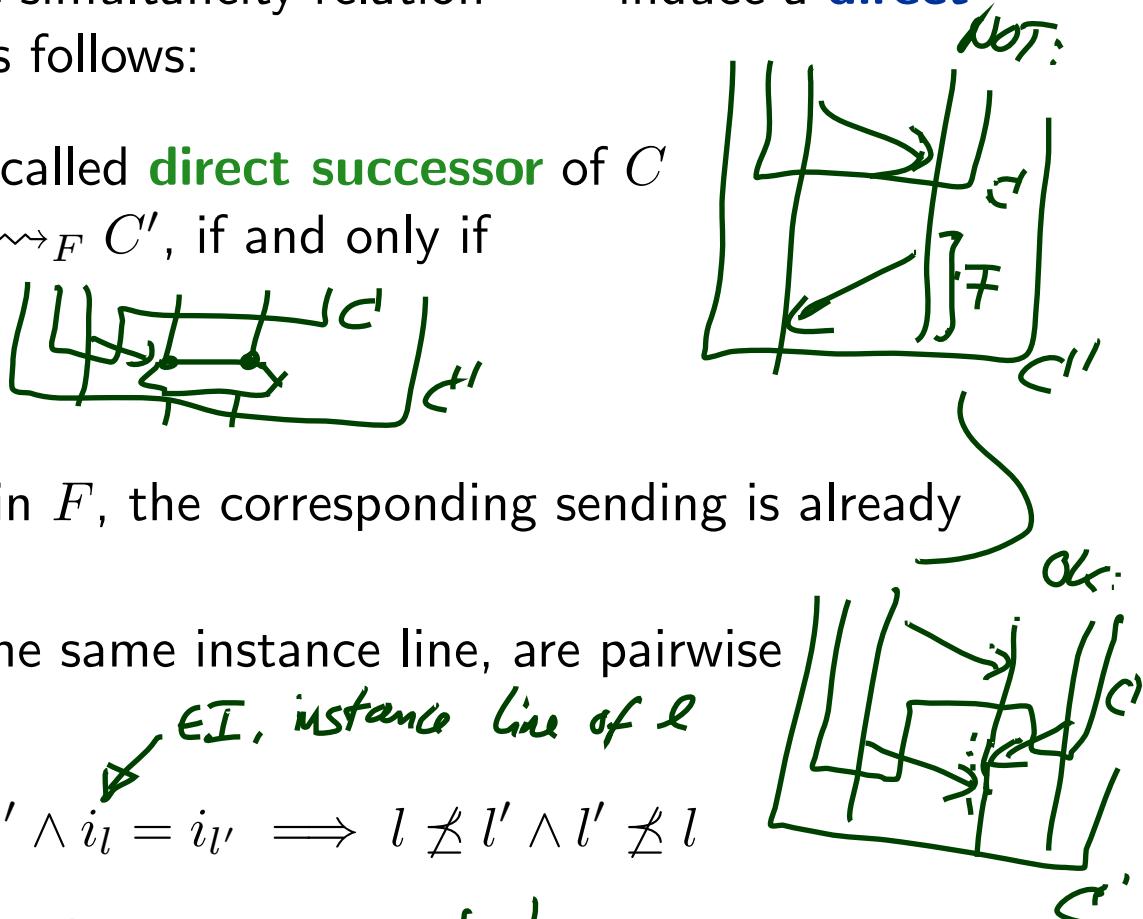
- for each message reception in F , the corresponding sending is already in C ,
- locations in F , that lie on the same instance line, are pairwise unordered, i.e.

$$\forall l, l' \in F : l \neq l' \wedge i_l = i_{l'} \Rightarrow l \not\preceq l' \wedge l' \not\preceq l$$

- ~~Note~~: F is ~~immediately~~ closed under simultaneity. (\sim)

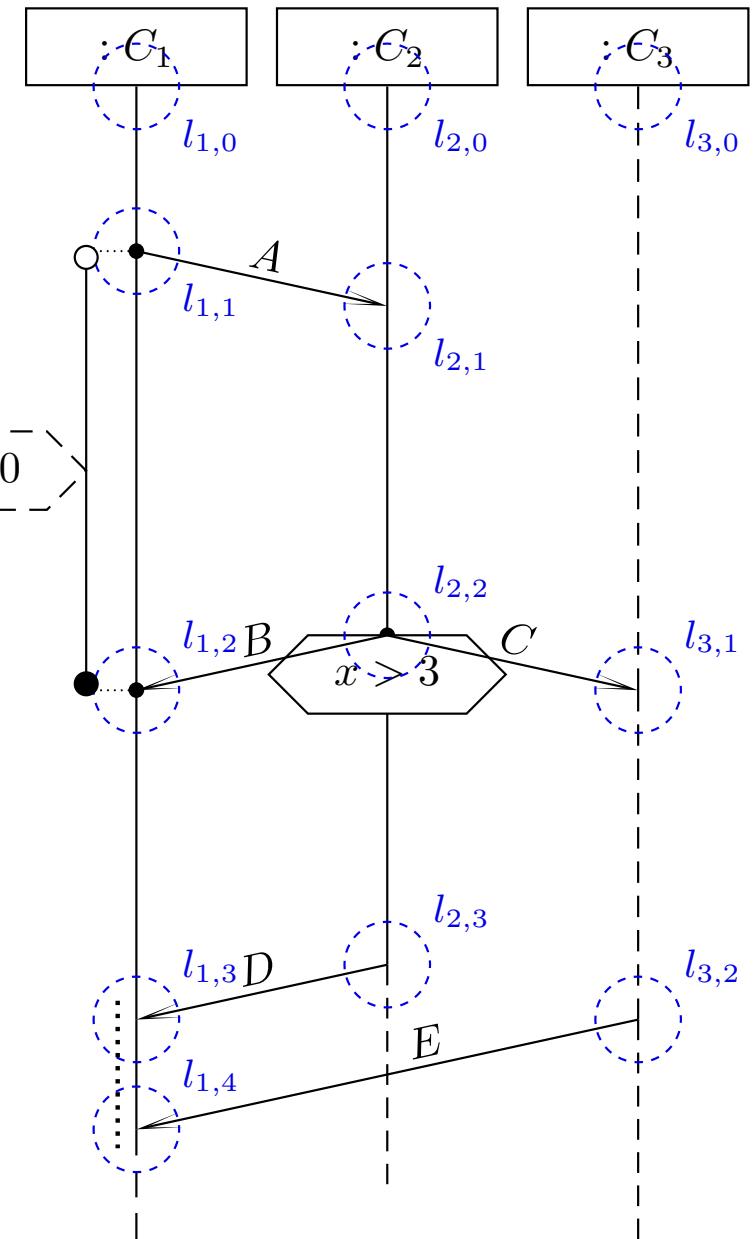
- In other words: locations in F are direct \preceq -successors of locations in C , i.e.

$$\forall l' \in F \exists l \in C : l \prec l' \wedge \nexists l'' \in C : l' \prec l'' \prec l$$



Successor Cut Examples

- (i) $F \neq \emptyset$,
- (ii) $C' \setminus C = F$,
- (iii) message send before receive,
- (iv) locations on same instance line unordered, i.e.
 $\forall l, l' \in F : l \neq l' \wedge i_l = i_{l'} \implies l \not\leq l' \wedge l' \not\leq l$



Idea: Accepting Words by Advancing the Cut

Let $w = (\sigma_i, \text{cons}_i, \text{Snd}_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}_0}$ be a word over \mathcal{S} and \mathcal{D} .

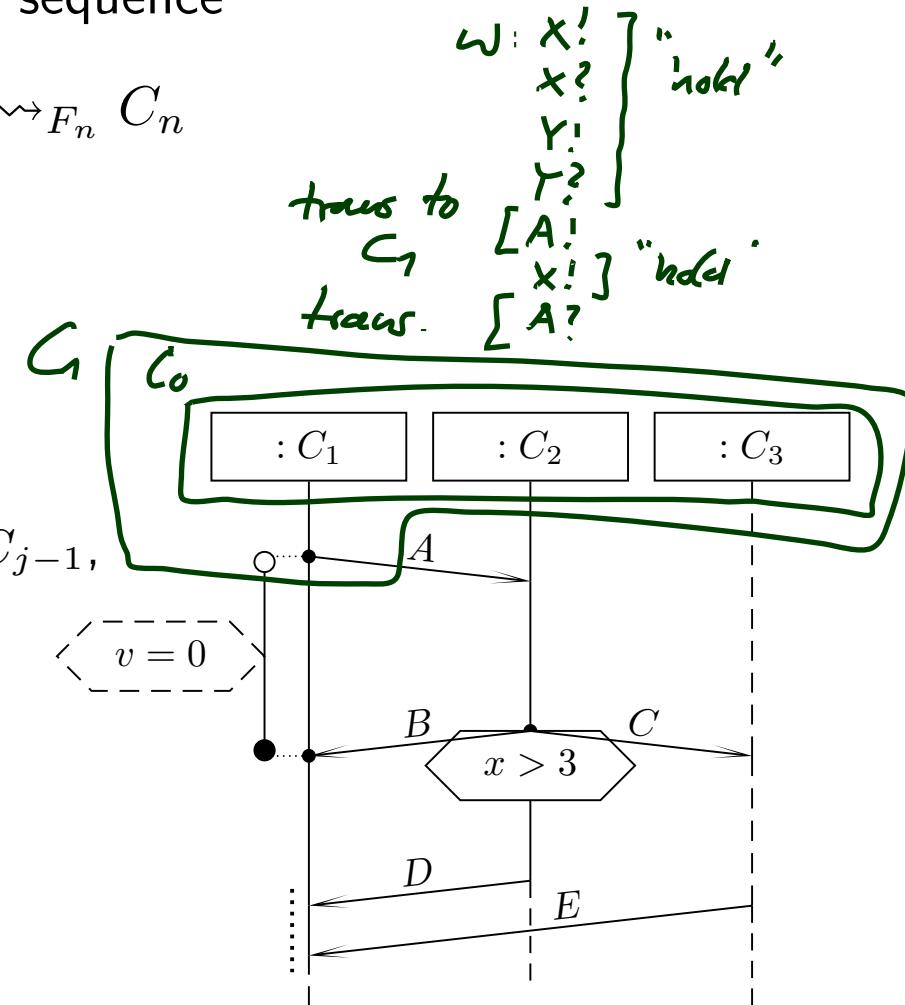
Intuitively (and for now **disregarding** cold conditions),
 an LSC body $(I, (\mathcal{L}, \preceq), \sim, \mathcal{S}, \text{Msg}, \text{Cond}, \text{LocInv})$ is **supposed** to **accept** w
 (under valuation β) if and only if there exists a sequence

which maps
 instance lines to objects
 $C_0 \rightsquigarrow_{F_1} C_1 \rightsquigarrow_{F_2} C_2 \cdots \rightsquigarrow_{F_n} C_n$

and indices $i_1 < \dots < i_n$ such that

- C_0 consists of the instance heads,
- for all $1 \leq j < n$,
 - for all $i_j \leq k < i_{j+1}$, $(\sigma_k, \text{cons}_k, \text{Snd}_k)$ satisfies (under β) the **hold condition** of C_{j-1} ,
 - $(\sigma_{i_j}, \text{cons}_{i_j}, \text{Snd}_{i_j})$ satisfies (under β) the **transition condition** of F_j ,
- C_n is cold, $C_n = \mathcal{L}$
- for all $i_n < k$, $(\beta_k, \mu_{i_j}, t_{i_j})$ satisfies (under β) the **hold condition** of C_n .

trivial



Excursus: Symbolic Büchi Automata (over Signature)

Symbolic Büchi Automata

Definition. A **Symbolic Büchi Automaton** (TBA) is a tuple

$$\mathcal{B} = (\textit{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}}, X, Q, q_{ini}, \rightarrow, Q_F)$$

where

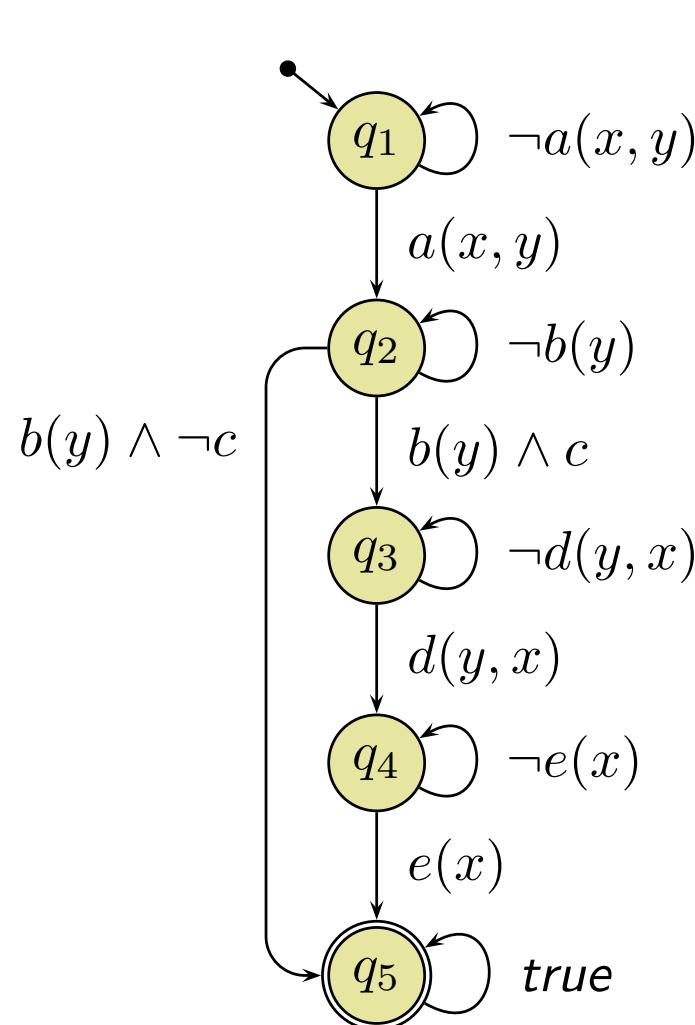
- $\textit{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}}$ is a set of expressions over logical variables from X ,
- Q is a finite set of **states**, $q_{ini} \in Q$ the initial state,
- $\rightarrow \subseteq Q \times \textit{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}} \times Q$ is the **transition relation**.

Transitions $(q, expr, q')$ from q to q' are labelled with a constraint
 $expr \in \textit{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}}$ over the ~~signals and the~~ variables.

- $Q_F \subseteq Q$ is the set of **fair** (or accepting) states.

TBA Example

$(Expr_{\mathcal{B}}, X, Q, q_{ini}, \rightarrow, Q_F)$



$$Expr_{\mathcal{B}} = \{ a(x,y), \\ \neg a(x,y), \\ \wedge, \dots \vdash, x, y \in X \}$$

$$Q = \{ q_1, \dots, q_5 \}$$

$$q_{ini} = q_1$$

$$Q_F = \{ q_5 \}$$

Word

Definition. Let $Expr_{\mathcal{B}}$ be a set of expressions over logical variables X . and let Σ be the set of interpretation functions of $Expr_{\mathcal{B}}$, i.e.

$$\Sigma = Expr_{\mathcal{B}} \times (X \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(X)) \rightarrow \{0, 1\}.$$

For $\sigma \in \Sigma$, we write $\sigma \models_{\beta} expr$ if and only if $\sigma(expr, \beta) = 1$.

A **word** over $Expr_{\mathcal{B}}$ is an infinite sequence of interpretations of $Expr_{\mathcal{B}}$

$$(\sigma_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}_0} \in \Sigma^{\omega}.$$

$$\omega : \quad \sigma_0 \models_{\beta} a(x,y) \quad , \quad \beta = \{x \mapsto 1, y \mapsto 27\}$$

$$\sigma_1 \models_{\beta} c, \quad \sigma_1 \models e(x) \quad (\text{nothing else})$$

..

Run of TBA over Word

Definition. Let $\mathcal{B} = (\text{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}}, X, Q, q_{ini}, \rightarrow, Q_F)$ be a TBA and

$$w = (\sigma_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}_0} \in \Sigma^\omega$$

a word over $\text{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}}$.

An infinite sequence

$$\varrho = q_0, q_1, q_2, \dots \in Q^\omega$$

is called **run** of \mathcal{B} over w under valuation $\beta : X \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(X)$ if and only if

- $q_0 = q_{ini}$,
- for each $i \in \mathbb{N}_0$ there is a transition $(q_i, \psi_i, q_{i+1}) \in \rightarrow$ such that

$$\sigma_i \models_{\beta} \psi_i.$$

Run or Not Run Examples

$$\varrho = (q_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}_0}, \quad q_0 = q_{ini}, \\ \forall i \in \mathbb{N}_0 \exists (q_i, \psi_i, q_{i+1}) \in \rightarrow : (\sigma_i, cons_i, Snd_i) \models_{\beta} \psi_i$$

$\omega: \sigma_0 \models_{\beta} a(x, y) \quad (\Rightarrow \sigma_0 \models_{\beta} \neg a(x, y))$

$\sigma_1 \models_{\beta} a(x, y)$

$\sigma_2 \models_{\beta} a(x, y), \sigma_2 \models_{\beta} c(x)$

$\sigma_3 \models_{\beta} b(y) \wedge \neg c$

$\sigma_4 \models_{\beta} e(x) \wedge d(y, x)$

\vdots

$\rho = q_1 q_1 q_1 q_2 q_5 q_5 q_5 \dots$

$\underbrace{}_{by} \underbrace{}_{by} \underbrace{}_{by} \underbrace{}_{by} \underbrace{}_{by} \underbrace{}_{\vdots}$

$\sigma_0 \quad \sigma_1 \quad \sigma_2 \quad \sigma_3 \quad \sigma_4$

$$b(y) \wedge \neg c$$

$$b(y) \wedge c$$

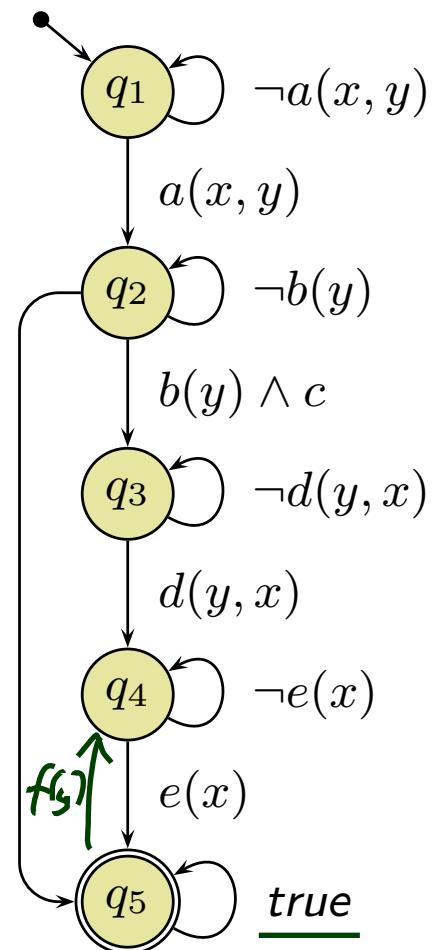
$$\neg d(y, x)$$

$$d(y, x)$$

$$\neg e(x)$$

$$e(x)$$

$$true$$



The Language of a TBA

Definition.

We say $\mathcal{B} = (\text{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}}, X, Q, q_{ini}, \rightarrow, Q_F)$ **accepts** w (under valuation $\beta : X \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(X)$) if and only if \mathcal{B} **has a run**

$$(q_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}_0}$$

over w such that fair (or accepting) states are **visited infinitely often**, that is,

$$\forall i \in \mathbb{N}_0 \exists j > i : q_j \in Q_F.$$

We call the set $\mathcal{L}_{\beta}(\mathcal{B})$ of words over \mathcal{S} that are accepted by \mathcal{B} under β the **language of \mathcal{B}** .

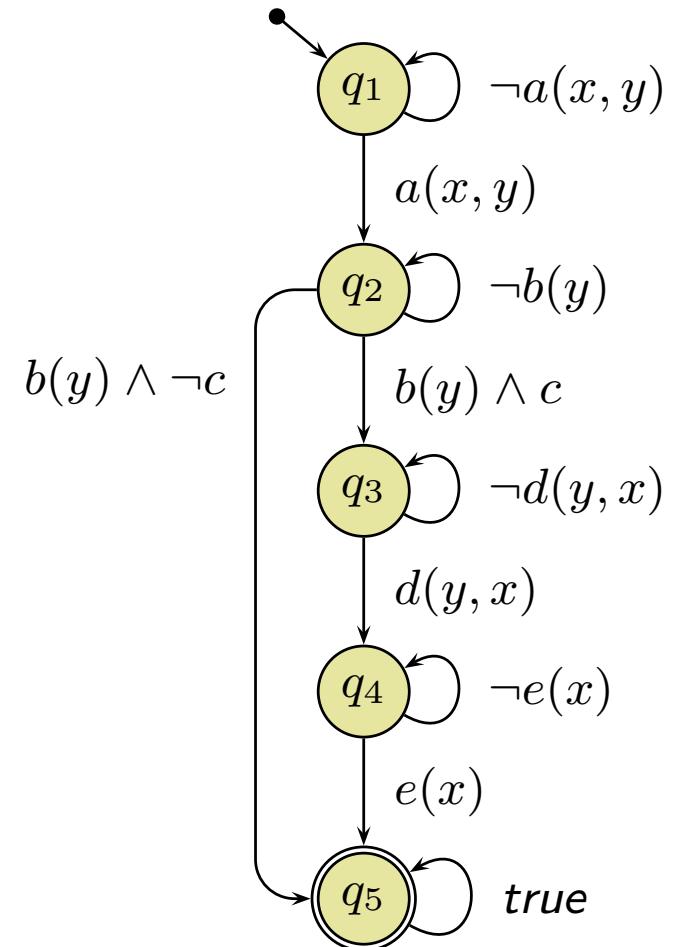
Language of the Example TBA

$\mathcal{L}_\beta(\mathcal{B})$ consists of the words

$$(\sigma_i, Snd_i, cons_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}_0}$$

where there exist $0 \leq n < m < k < \ell$ such that

- for $0 \leq i < n$, $\sigma_i \not\models_\beta a(x, y)$
- $\underline{\sigma_n} \models_\beta a(x, y)$
- for $n < i < m$, $\sigma_i \not\models_\beta b(y)$
- $\sigma_m \models_\beta b(y) \wedge c$ and
 - for $m < i < k$, $\sigma_i \not\models_\beta d(y, x)$
 - $\sigma_k \models_\beta d(y, x)$
 - for $k < i < \ell$, $\sigma_i \not\models_\beta e(x)$
 - $\sigma_\ell \models_\beta e(x)$, or or
- $\sigma_m \models_\beta b(y) \wedge \neg c$



Back to Main Track: Live Sequence Charts Semantics

Recall Idea: Accepting Words by Advancing the Cut

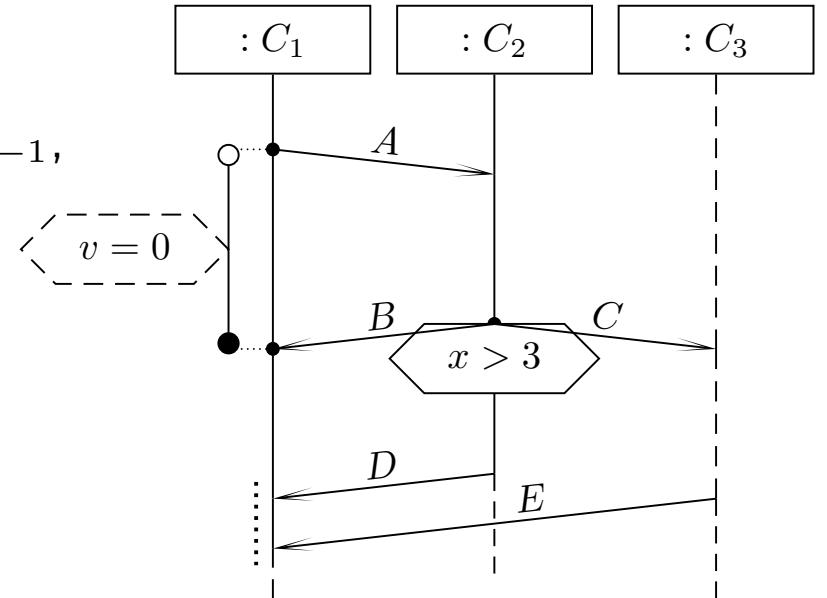
Let $w = (\sigma_i, \text{cons}_i, \text{Snd}_i)_{i \in \mathbb{N}_0}$ be a word over \mathcal{S} and \mathcal{D} .

Intuitively (and for now **disregarding** cold conditions),
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(under valuation β) if and only if there exists a sequence

$$C_0 \rightsquigarrow_{F_1} C_1 \rightsquigarrow_{F_2} C_2 \cdots \rightsquigarrow_{F_n} C_n$$

and indices $i_1 < \cdots < i_n$ such that

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- C_n is cold,
- for all $i_n < k$, $(\beta_k, \mu_{i_j}, t_{i_j})$ satisfies (under β) the **hold condition** of C_n .



Language of LSC Body

The **language** of the body

$$(I, (\mathcal{L}, \preceq), \sim, \mathcal{S}, \text{Msg}, \text{Cond}, \text{LocInv})$$

of LSC L is the language of the TBA

$$\mathcal{B}_L = (Expr_{\mathcal{B}}, X, Q, q_{ini}, \rightarrow, Q_F)$$

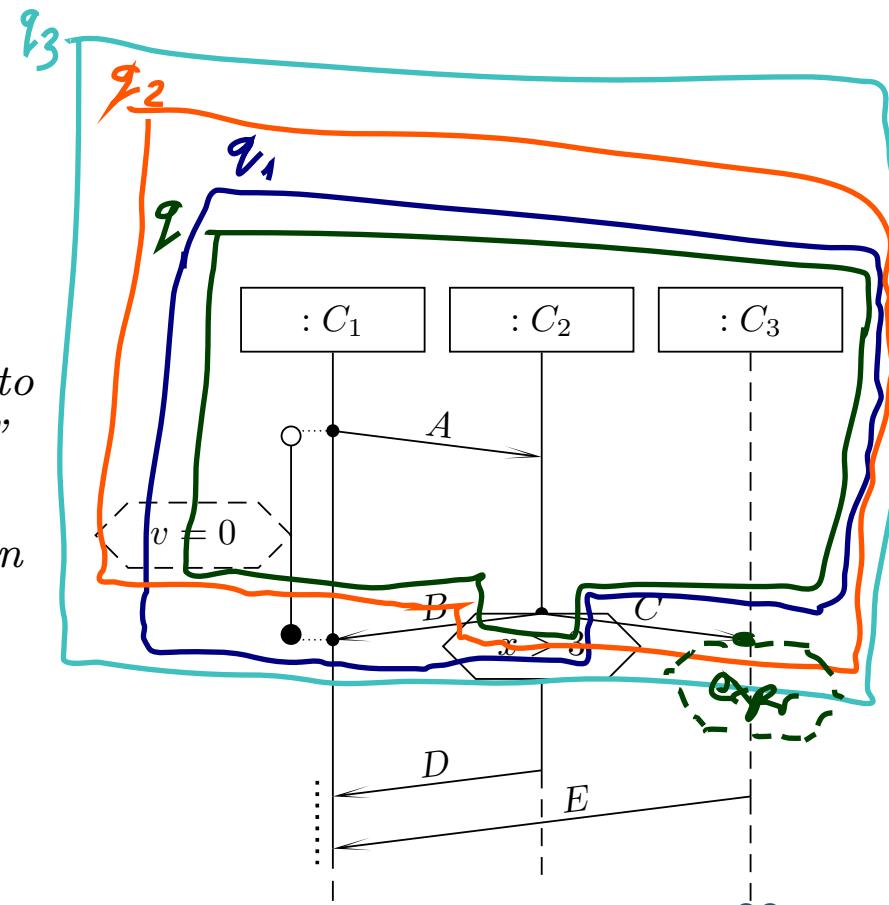
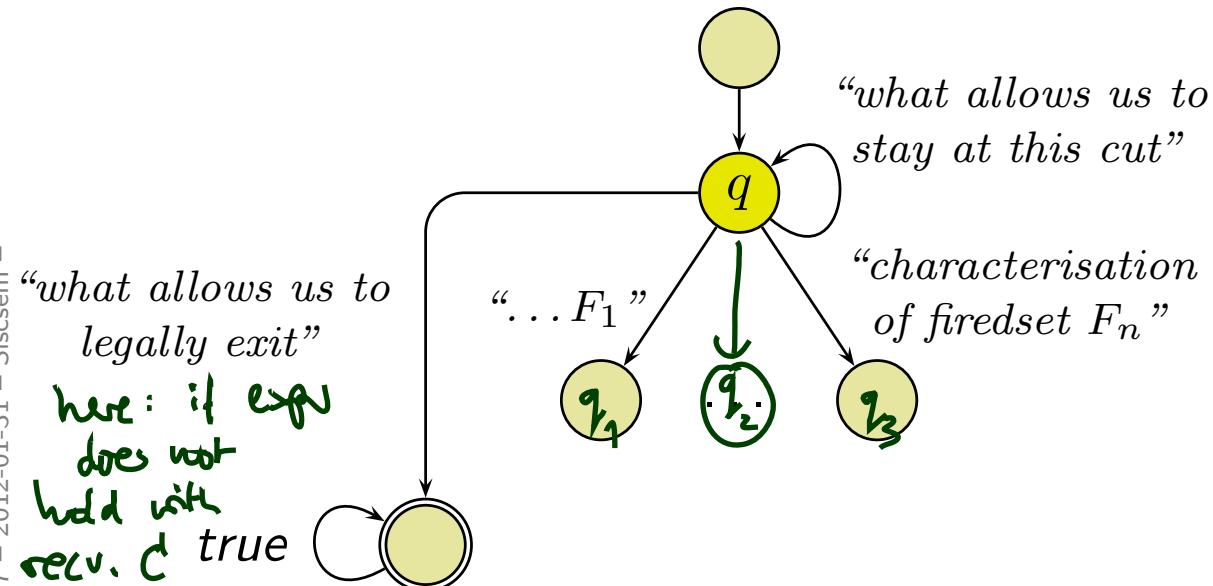
with

- $Expr_{\mathcal{B}} = Expr_{\mathcal{S}}(V, \mathcal{E}(\mathcal{S}))$
- Q is the set of cuts of (\mathcal{L}, \preceq) , q_{ini} is the **instance heads** cut,
- $Q_F = \{C \in Q \mid \theta(C) = \text{cold}\}$ is the set of cold cuts of (\mathcal{L}, \preceq) ,
- \rightarrow as defined in the following, consisting of
 - **loops** (q, ψ, q) ,
 - **progress transitions** (q, ψ, q') , and
 - **legal exits** (q, ψ, \mathcal{L}) .

Language of LSC Body: Intuition

$\mathcal{B}_L = (\text{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}}, X, Q, q_{ini}, \rightarrow, Q_F)$ with

- $\text{Expr}_{\mathcal{B}} = \text{Expr}_{\mathcal{S}}(V, \mathcal{E}(\mathcal{S}))$
- Q is the set of cuts of (\mathcal{L}, \preceq) , q_{ini} is the **instance heads** cut,
- $F = \{C \in Q \mid \theta(C) = \text{cold}\}$ is the set of cold cuts,
- \rightarrow consists of
 - **loops** (q, ψ, q) ,
 - **progress transitions** (q, ψ, q') , and
 - **legal exits** (q, ψ, \mathcal{L}) .



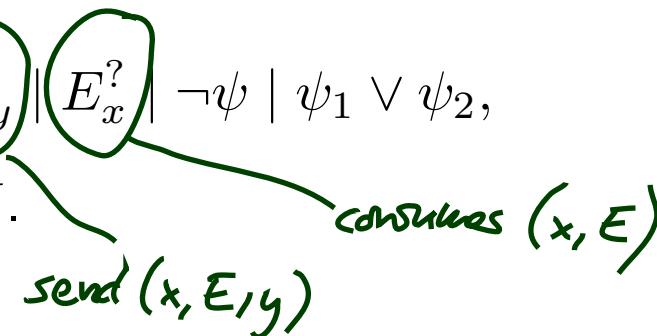
Signal and Integer Expressions

Let $\mathcal{S} = (\mathcal{I}, \mathcal{C}, V, \text{atr})$ be a signature and X a set of logical variables.

The **signal and integer expressions** $\text{Expr}_{\mathcal{S}}(V, \mathcal{E}(\mathcal{S}))$ over \mathcal{S} are defined by the grammar:

$$\psi ::= \text{true} \mid \text{expr} \mid E_{x,y}^! \mid E_x^? \mid \neg\psi \mid \psi_1 \vee \psi_2,$$

where $\text{expr} \in \text{Expr}_{\mathcal{S}}$, $E \in \mathcal{E}$, $x, y \in X$.



Satisfaction of Signal and Integer Expressions

Let $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \in (\Sigma_{\mathcal{S}}^{\mathcal{D}} \times 2^{\mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C})} \times \text{Evs}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{D}) \times 2^{\mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C})} \times \text{Evs}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{D}) \times \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C}))$ be a letter of a word over \mathcal{S} and \mathcal{D} and let $\beta : X \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C})$ be a valuation of the logical variables in X .

- $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \text{true}$
 - $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \neg\psi$ if and only if not $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \psi$
 - $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \psi_1 \vee \psi_2$ if and only if
$$(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \psi_1 \text{ or } (\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \psi_2$$
 - $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \text{expr}$ if and only if $I[\text{expr}](\sigma, \beta) = 1$
 - $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} E_{x,y}^!$ if and only if $(\beta(x), (E, \vec{d}), \beta(y)) \in \text{Snd}$
 - $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} E_x^?$ if and only if $(\beta(x), (E, \vec{d})) \in \text{cons}$
- sealer ID destination id*
- event*
- e.g. d.x>5*

Satisfaction of Signal and Integer Expressions

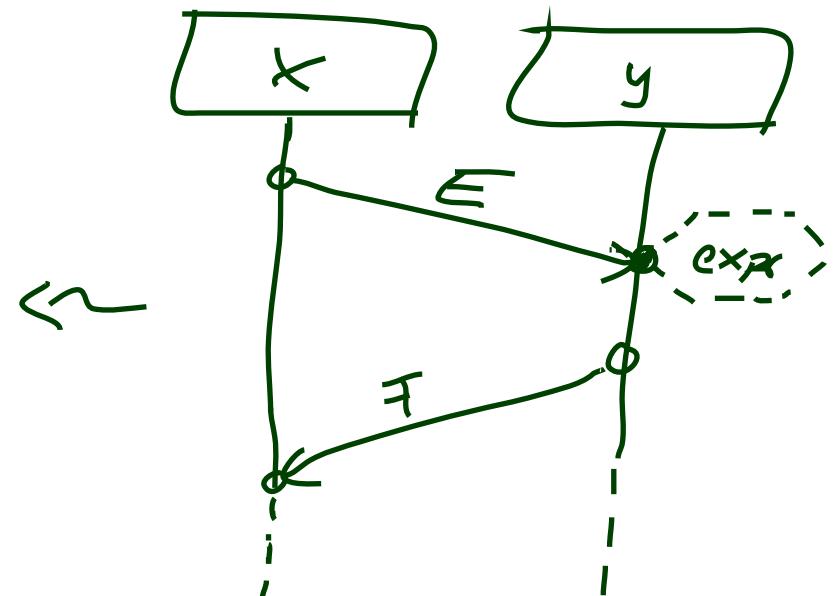
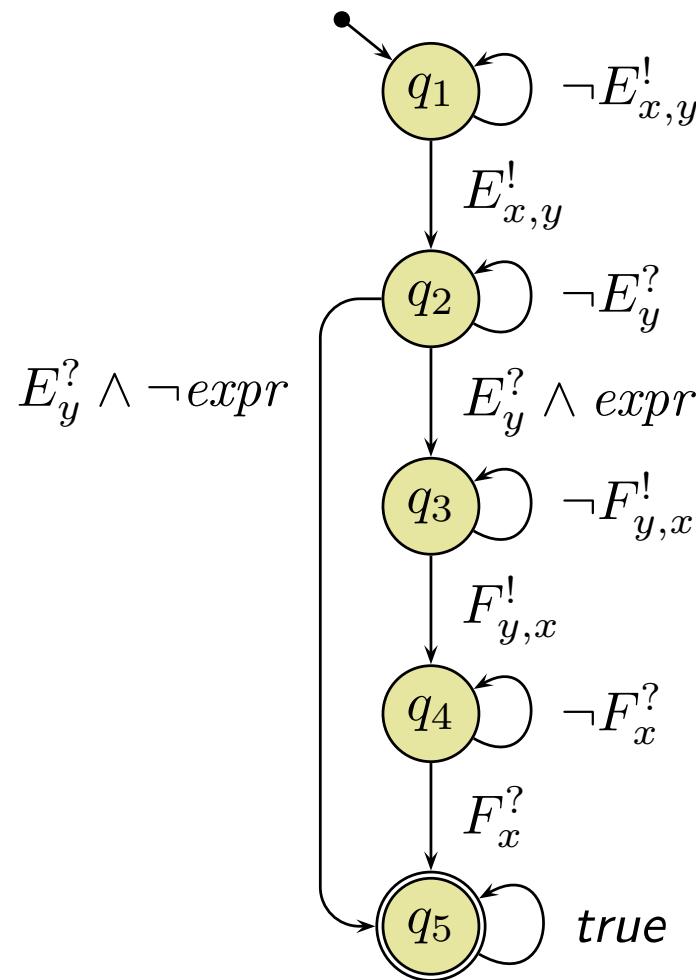
Let $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \in (\Sigma_{\mathcal{S}}^{\mathcal{D}} \times 2^{\mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C}) \times \text{Evs}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{D})} \times 2^{\mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C}) \times \text{Evs}(\mathcal{E}, \mathcal{D}) \times \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C})})$ be a letter of a word over \mathcal{S} and \mathcal{D} and let $\beta : X \rightarrow \mathcal{D}(\mathcal{C})$ be a valuation of the logical variables in X .

- $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \text{true}$
- $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \neg\psi$ if and only if not $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \psi$
- $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \psi_1 \vee \psi_2$ if and only if
$$(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \psi_1 \text{ or } (\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \psi_2$$
- $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} \text{expr}$ if and only if $I[\![\text{expr}]\!](\sigma, \beta) = 1$
- $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} E_{x,y}^!$ if and only if $(\beta(x), (E, \vec{d}), \beta(y)) \in \text{Snd}$
- $(\sigma, \text{cons}, \text{Snd}) \models_{\beta} E_x^?$ if and only if $(\beta(x), (E, \vec{d})) \in \text{cons}$

Observation: if the semantics has “**forgotten**” the sender at consumption time, then we have to disregard it here (straightforwardly fixed if desired).

Other view: we could choose to disregard the sender.

Example: TBA over Signal and Integer Expressions



Some Helper Functions

starting or ending

- **Messages of a location:**

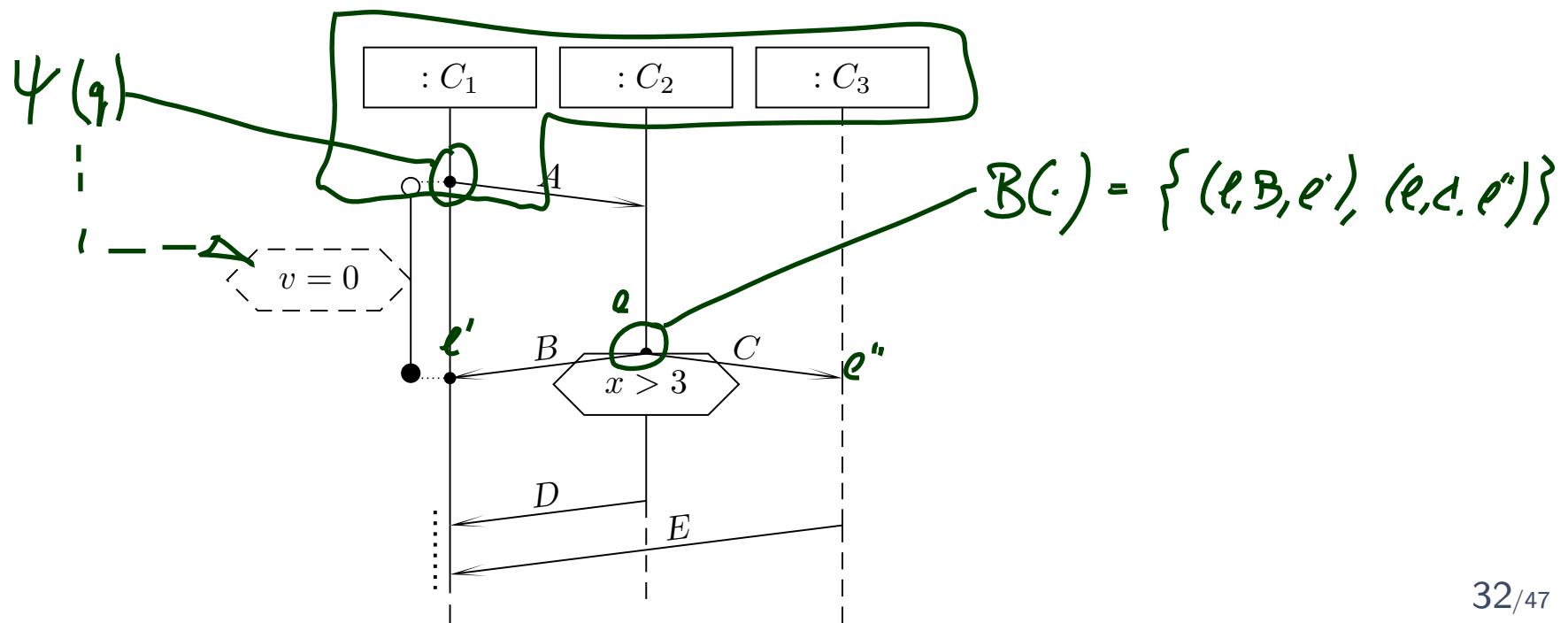
$$\{(\ell', b, \ell'') \in \text{Msg} \mid \ell' = \ell \vee \ell'' = \ell\}$$

$$B(l) := \{b \in B \mid \exists l' : (l, b, l') \in \text{Msg} \vee (l', b, l) \in \text{Msg}\},$$

$$B(\{l_1, \dots, l_n\}) := B(l_1) \cup \dots \cup B(l_n).$$

- **Constraints** relevant **at** cut q :

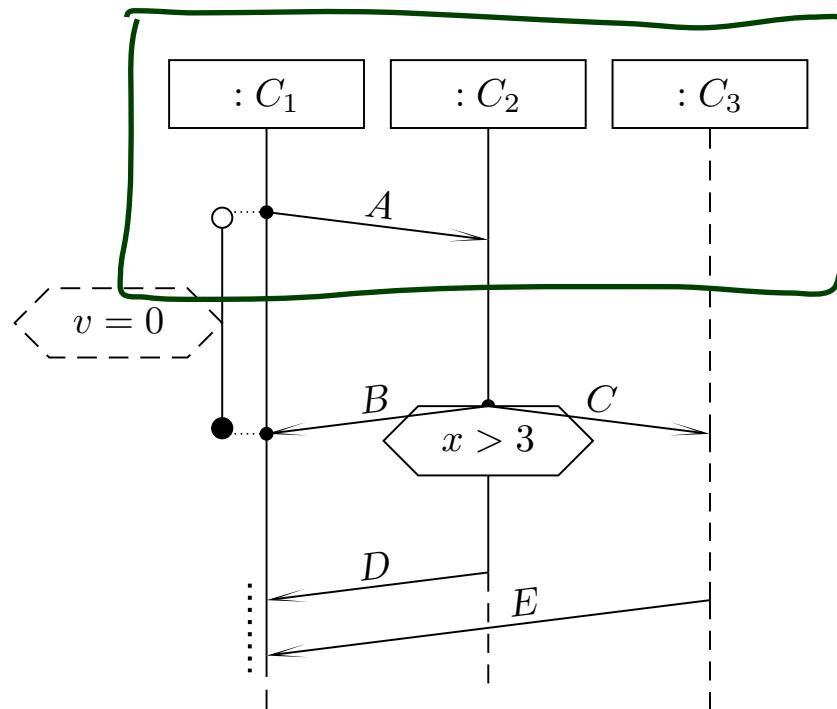
$$\psi(q) = \{\psi \mid \exists l \in q, l' \notin q \mid (l, \psi, \theta, l') \in \text{LocInv} \vee (l', \psi, \theta, l) \in \text{LocInv}\},$$



Some More Helper Functions

- **Constraints** relevant when moving from q to cut q' :

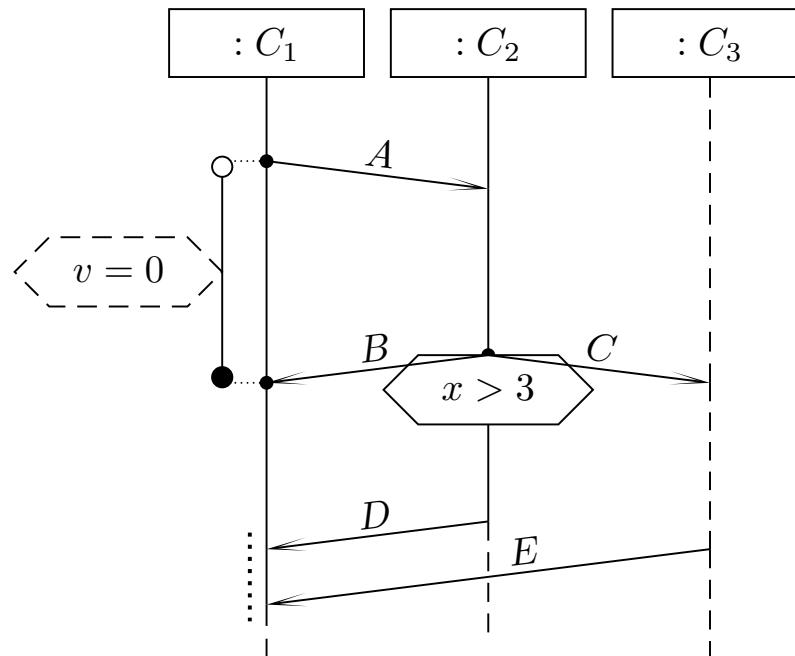
$$\begin{aligned}\psi(q, q') = \{ & \psi \mid \exists l \in q' \setminus q, l' \in \mathcal{L}, \theta \in \Theta \mid \\ & (l, \bullet, expr, \theta, l') \in \text{LocInv} \vee (l', expr, \theta, l, \bullet) \in \text{LocInv} \} \\ \cup \{ & \psi \mid \exists l \in q, l' \notin q', \theta \in \Theta \mid \\ & (l, expr, \theta, l') \in \text{LocInv} \vee (l', expr, \theta, l) \in \text{LocInv} \} \\ \cup \{ & \psi \mid \exists L \subseteq \mathcal{L}, \theta \in \Theta \mid (L, \psi, \theta) \in \text{Cond} \wedge L \cap (q' \setminus q) \neq \emptyset \} \end{aligned}$$



Even More Helper Functions

- **Cold constraints** relevant when moving from q to cut q' :

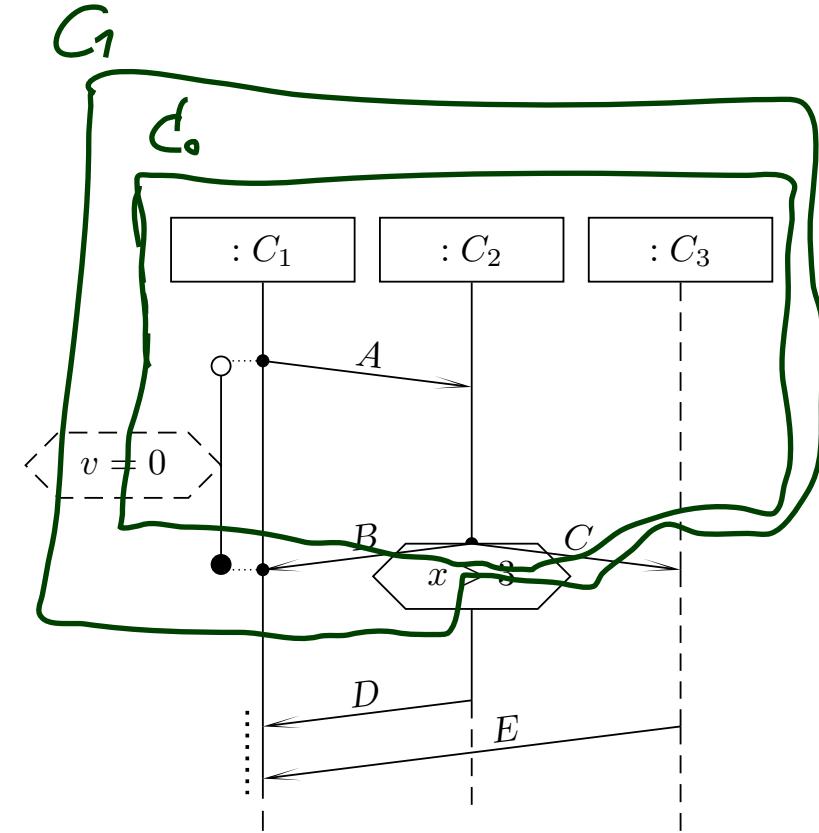
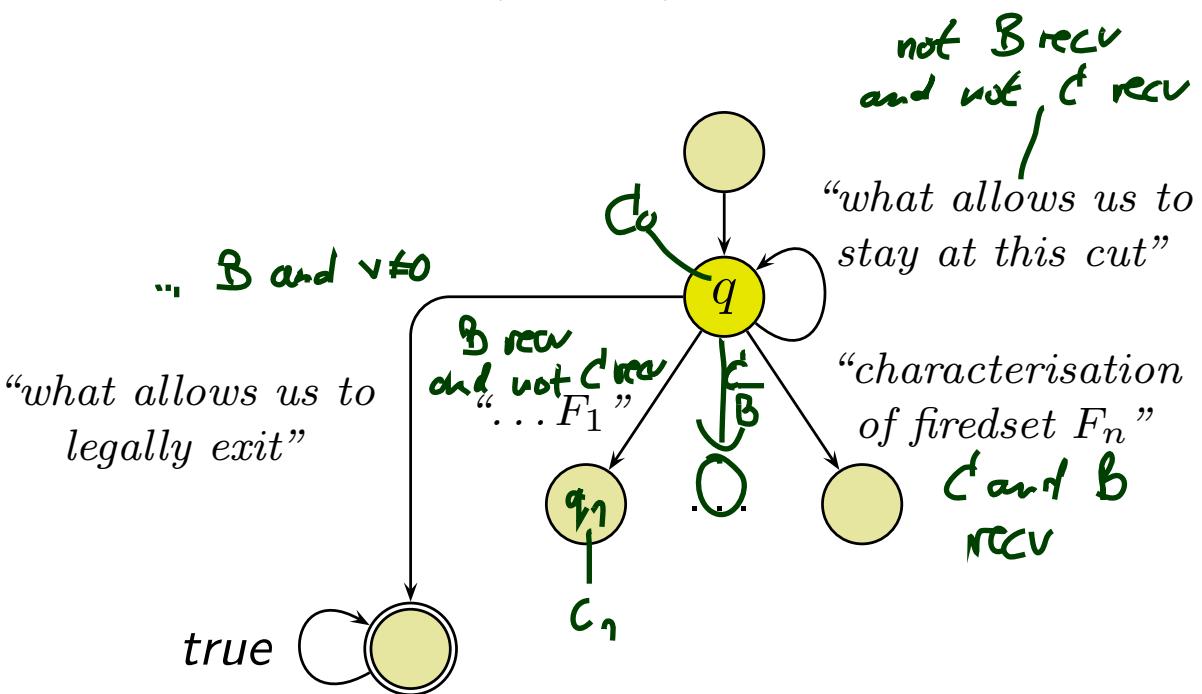
$$\begin{aligned}\psi_{\text{cold}}(q, q') = \{ \psi \mid \exists l \in q' \setminus q, l' \in \mathcal{L} \mid \\ (l, \bullet, \text{expr}, \text{cold}, l') \in \text{LocInv} \vee (l', \text{expr}, \text{cold}, l, \bullet) \in \text{LocInv} \} \\ \cup \{ \psi \mid \exists l \in q, l' \notin q' \mid \\ (l, \text{expr}, \text{cold}, l') \in \text{LocInv} \vee (l', \text{expr}, \text{cold}, l) \in \text{LocInv} \} \\ \cup \{ \psi \mid \exists L \subseteq \mathcal{L} \mid (L, \psi, \text{cold}) \in \text{Cond} \wedge L \cap (q' \setminus q) \neq \emptyset \}\end{aligned}$$



Recall: Intuition

$\mathcal{B}_L = (Expr_{\mathcal{B}}, X, Q, q_{ini}, \rightarrow, Q_F)$ with

- $Expr_{\mathcal{B}} = Expr_{\mathcal{S}}(V, \mathcal{E}(\mathcal{S}))$
- Q is the set of cuts of (\mathcal{L}, \preceq) , q_{ini} is the **instance heads cut**,
- $F = \{C \in Q \mid \theta(C) = \text{cold}\}$ is the set of cold cuts,
- \rightarrow consists of
 - **loops** (q, ψ, q) ,
 - **progress transitions** (q, ψ, q') , and
 - **legal exits** (q, ψ, \mathcal{L}) .



Loops

- How long may we **legally** stay at a cut q ?
- **Intuition:** those $(\sigma_i, \text{cons}_i, \text{Snd}_i)$ are allowed to fire the self-loop (q, ψ, q) where
 - $\text{cons}_i \cup \text{Snd}_i$ comprises only irrelevant messages:
 - **weak mode:** (permissive)
no message from a direct successor cut is in,
 - **strict mode:**
no message occurring in the LSC is in,
 - σ_i satisfies the local invariants active at q

And nothing else.

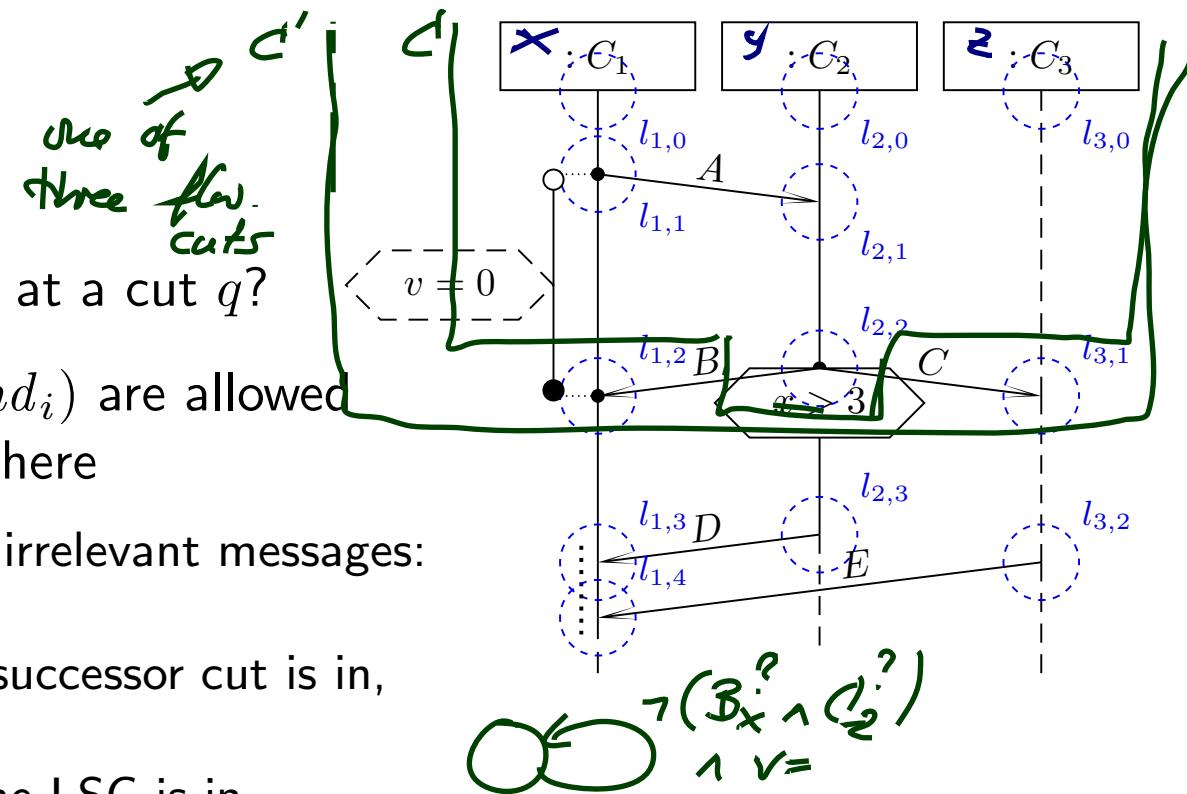
- **Formally:** Let $F := F_1 \cup \dots \cup F_n$ be the union of the firedsets of q .

$$\psi := \neg(\bigvee_{i=1}^n B(F_i)) \wedge \bigwedge \psi(q). \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \\ \end{array} \right\} \text{weak mode}$$

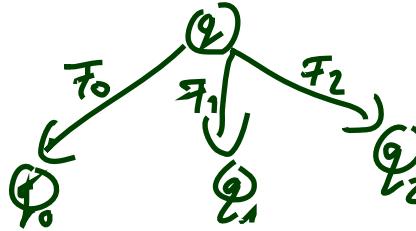
= true if $F = \emptyset$

$$\bigvee \{ (l_{2,2}, \text{B}, l_{1,2}), (l_{2,2}, \text{C}, l_{3,1}) \\ \text{B}_{i(l_{2,2}), i(l_{1,2})} \vee \text{C}_{i(l_{2,1}), i(l_{3,1})} \}$$

strict: add $\neg(\bigvee \text{Msg})$
(no message from LSC
is allowed)



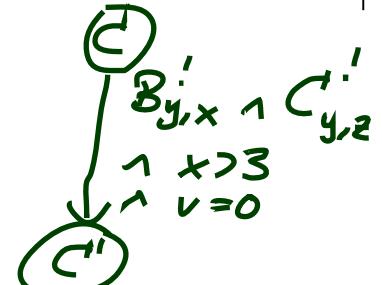
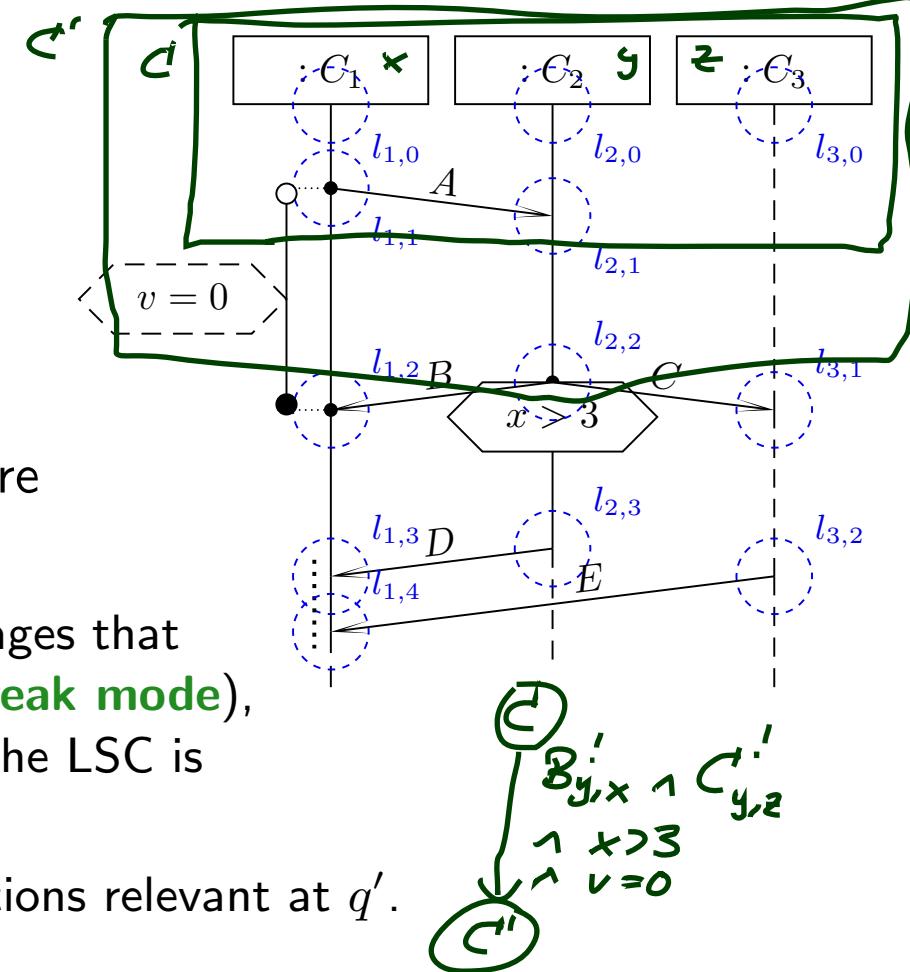
Progress



- When do we move from q to q' ?
- **Intuition:** those $(\sigma_i, cons_i, Snd_i)$ fire the progress transition (q, ψ, q') for which there exists a firedset F such that $q \rightsquigarrow_F q'$ and
 - $cons_i \cup Snd_i$ comprises exactly the messages that distinguish F from other firedsets of q (**weak mode**), and in addition no message occurring in the LSC is in $cons_i \cup Snd_i$ (**strict mode**),
 - σ_i satisfies the local invariants and conditions relevant at q' .
- **Formally:** Let F, F_1, \dots, F_n be the firedset of q and $q \rightsquigarrow_F q'$ (unique).

weak mode

$\psi := \underbrace{\bigwedge_{F_0} B(F_0)}_{\text{the msgs. in firedset } F_0} \wedge \underbrace{\neg (\bigvee_{F_1} (B(F_1) \cup \dots \cup B(F_n)) \setminus B(F_0))}_{\text{and no other firedset}} \wedge \underbrace{\bigwedge \psi(q, q')},$



respect conditions and (or, invariants) relevant at q'

Legal Exits

$$w = (\sigma_0, \cos\omega_0, \sin\omega_0)$$

$$(\sigma_1, \cos\omega_1, \sin\omega_1)$$

⋮

- When do we take a legal exit from q ?
 - **Intuition:** those $(\sigma_i, cons_i, Snd_i)$ fire the legal exit transition (q, ψ, \mathcal{L}) for which there exists a firedset F and some q' such that $q \rightsquigarrow_F q'$ and

- $cons_i \cup Snd_i$ comprises exactly the messages that distinguish F from other firedsets of q (**weak mode**), and in addition no message occurring in the LSC is in $cons_i \cup Snd_i$ (**strict mode**)

- in $\text{cons}_i \cup \text{Snd}_i$ (strict mode).
- σ_i does not satisfy one cold constraint (or less in condition)

- **Formally:** Let F_1, \dots, F_n be the firedset of q with $q \rightsquigarrow_{F_i} q'_i$.

- $\psi := \bigvee_{i=1}^n \bigwedge B(F_i) \wedge \neg \left(\bigvee (B(F_1) \cup \dots \cup B(F_n)) \setminus B(F_i) \right) \wedge \bigvee \psi_{\text{cold}}(q, q'_i),$

We could move from
 g to g' with
fixed set F ;

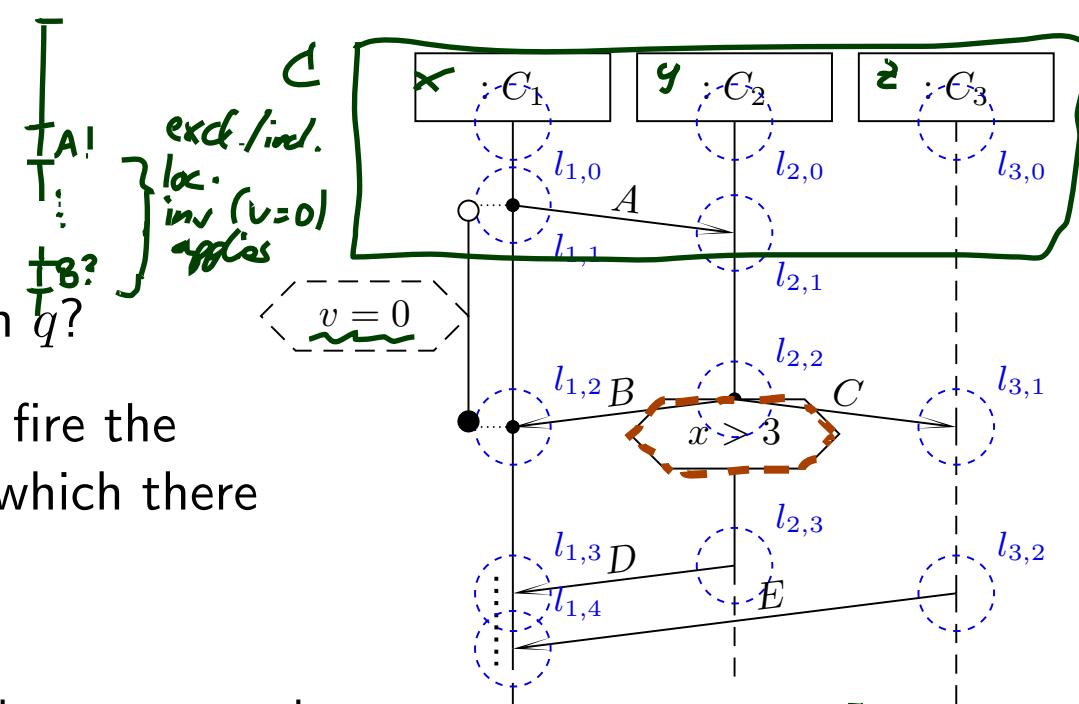
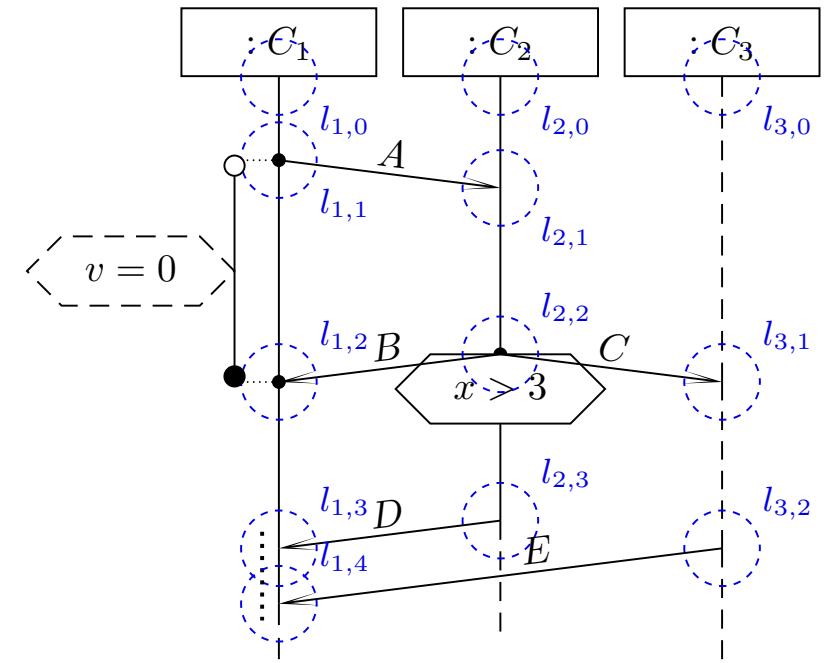


Diagram illustrating the mapping between sets B' and C' and the set of positive y -values.

but do
cold condensate
doesn't
hold

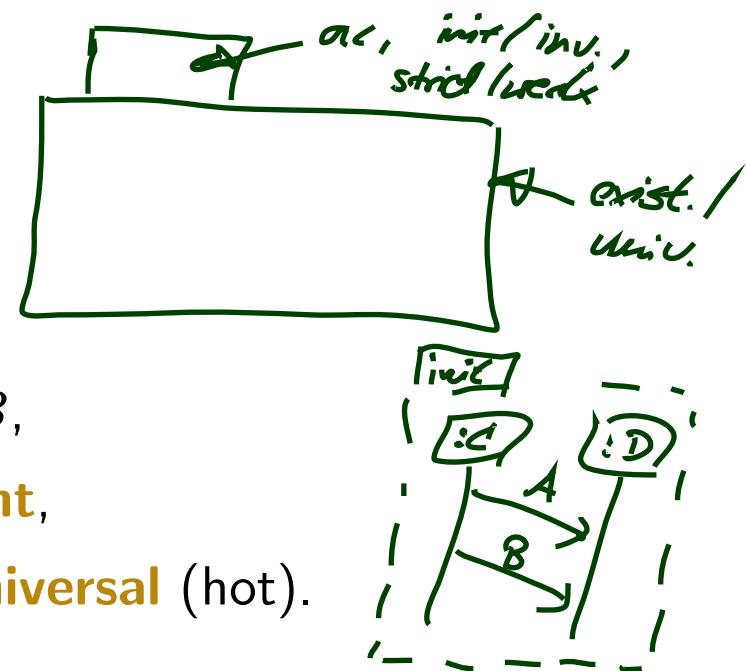
Example



Finally: The LSC Semantics

A **full LSC** L consist of

- a **body** $(I, (\mathcal{L}, \preceq), \sim, \mathcal{S}, \text{Msg}, \text{Cond}, \text{LocInv})$,
- an **activation condition** (here: event) $ac \in B$,
- an **activation mode**, either **initial** or **invariant**,
- a **chart mode**, either **existential** (cold) or **universal** (hot).



A set W of ~~timed~~ words over ~~B and V~~ **satisfies** L , denoted $W \models L$, iff L

- **universal** (= hot), **initial**, and

$$\forall w \in W \forall \beta : X \rightarrow \text{dom}(w_0) \bullet w \text{ activates } L \implies w \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{B}_L).$$

- **universal** (= hot), **invariant**, and

$$\forall w \in W \forall k \in \mathbb{N}_0 \forall \beta : X \rightarrow \text{dom}(w_k) \bullet w/k \text{ activates } L \implies w/k \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{B}_L).$$

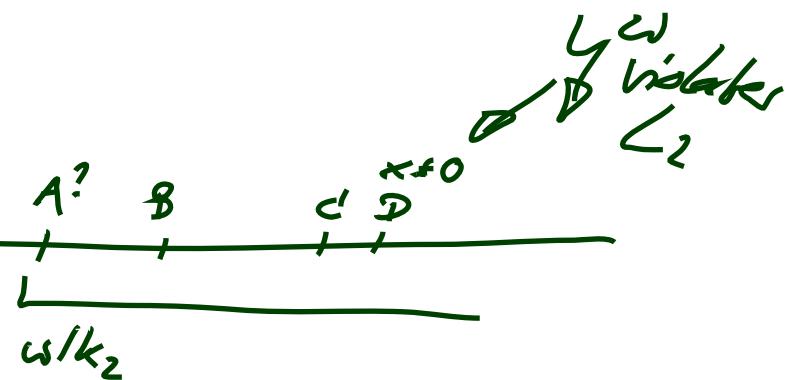
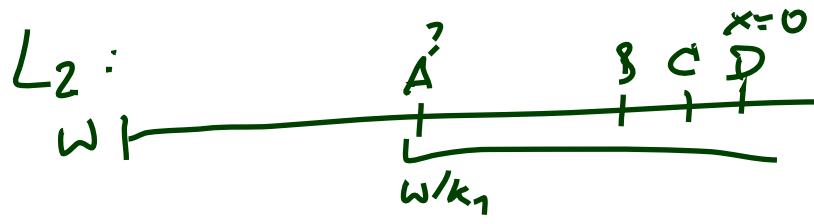
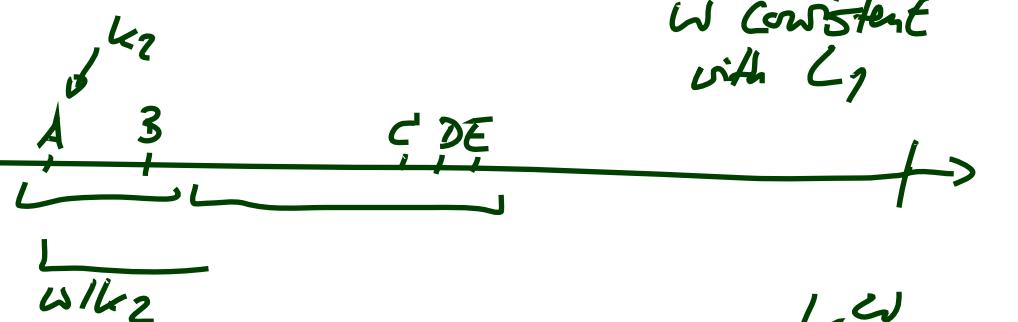
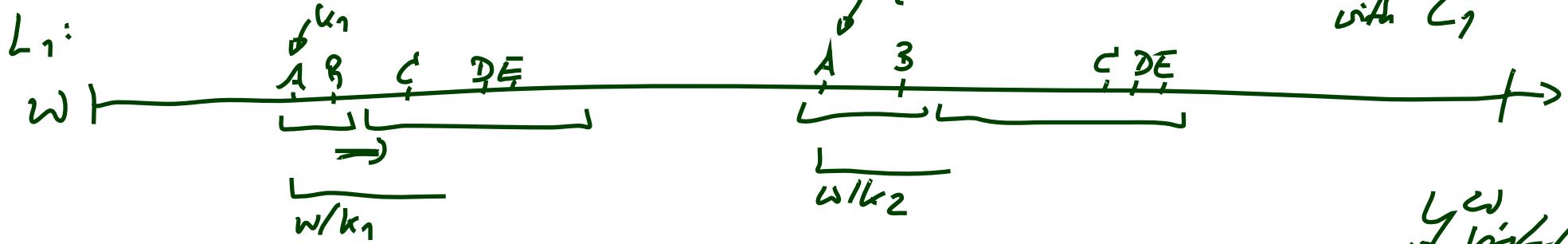
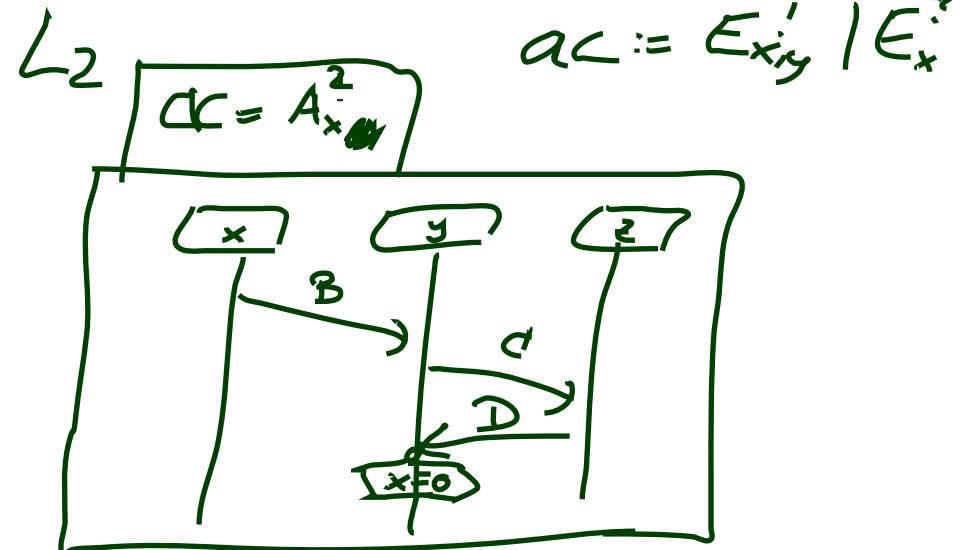
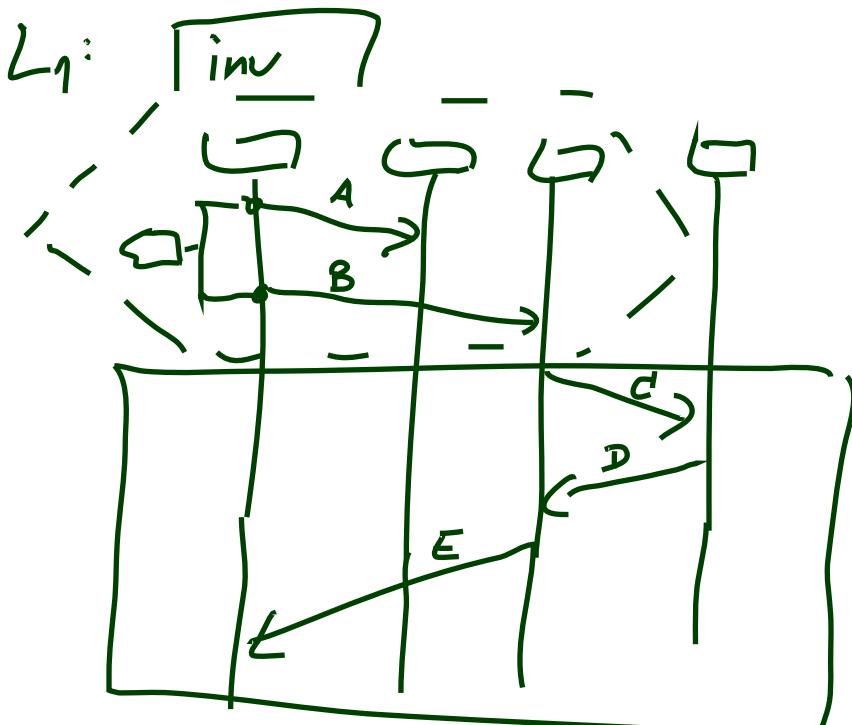
- **existential** (= cold), **initial**, and

$$\exists w \in W \exists \beta : X \rightarrow \text{dom}(w_0) \bullet w \text{ activates } L \wedge w \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{B}_L).$$

- **existential** (= cold), **invariant**, and

$$\exists w \in W \exists k \in \mathbb{N}_0 \exists \beta : X \rightarrow \text{dom}(w_k) \bullet w/k \text{ activates } L \wedge w/k \in \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{B}_L).$$

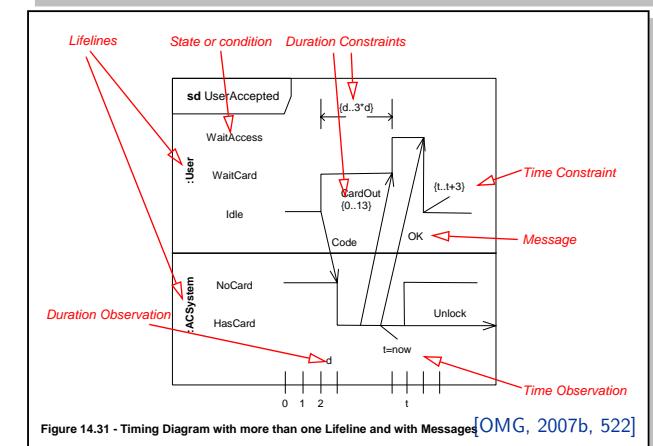
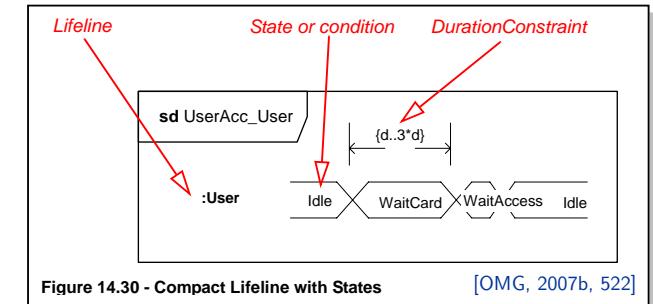
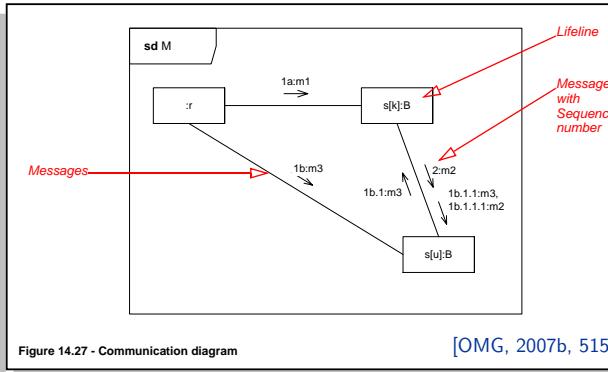
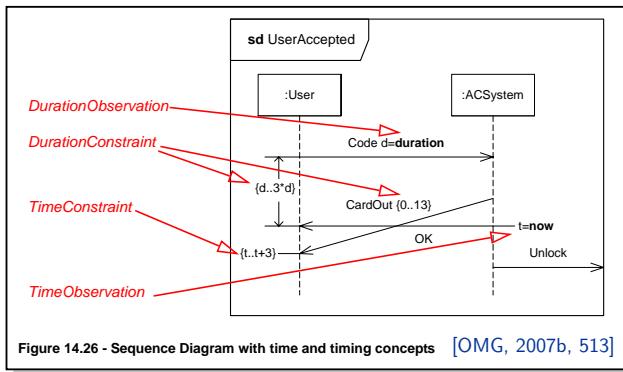
*suffix of w
including last element*



Back to UML: Interactions

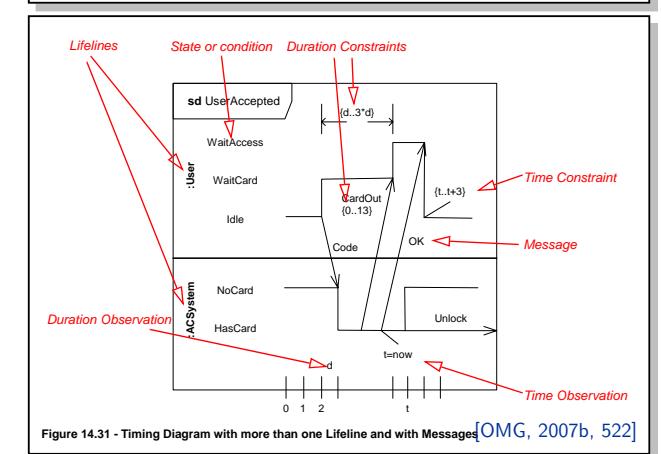
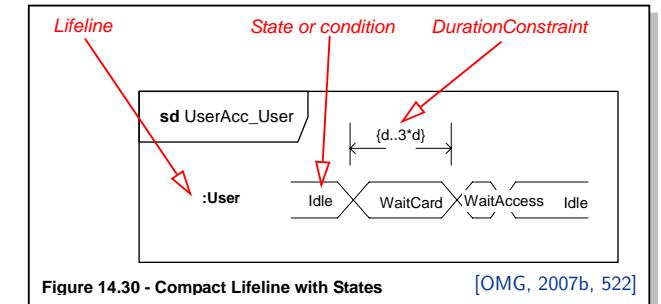
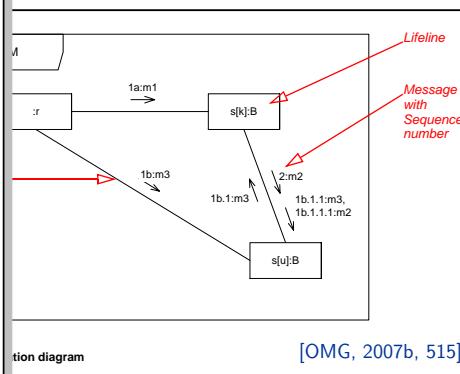
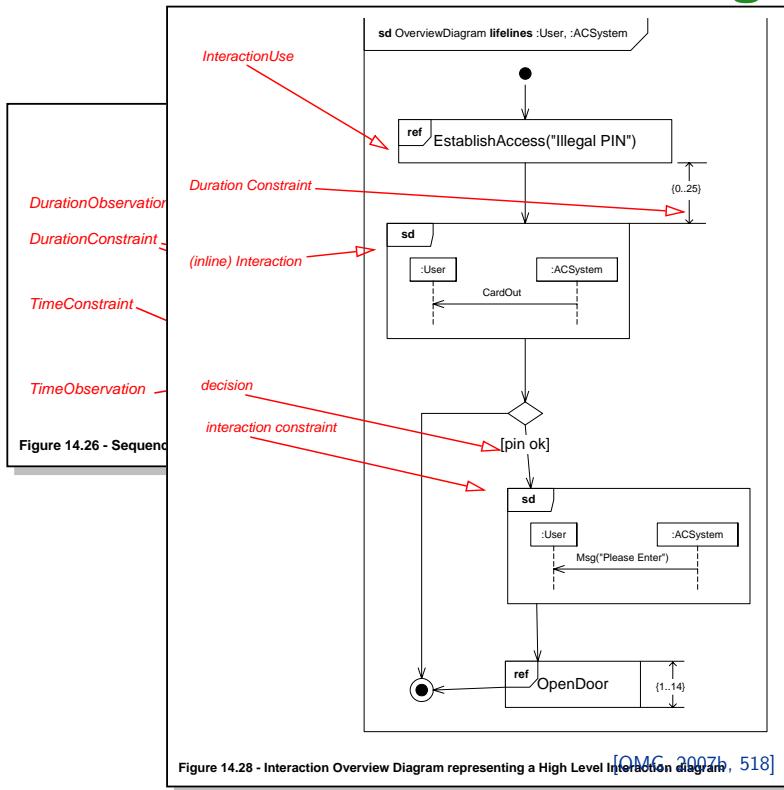
Interactions as Reflective Description

- In UML, reflective (temporal) descriptions are subsumed by **interactions**.
- A UML model $\mathcal{M} = (\mathcal{CD}, \mathcal{SM}, \mathcal{OD}, \mathcal{I})$ has a set of interactions \mathcal{I} .
- An interaction $\mathcal{I} \in \mathcal{I}$ can be (OMG claim: equivalently) **diagrammed** as
 - **sequence diagram**, **timing diagram**, or
 - **communication diagram** (formerly known as collaboration diagram).



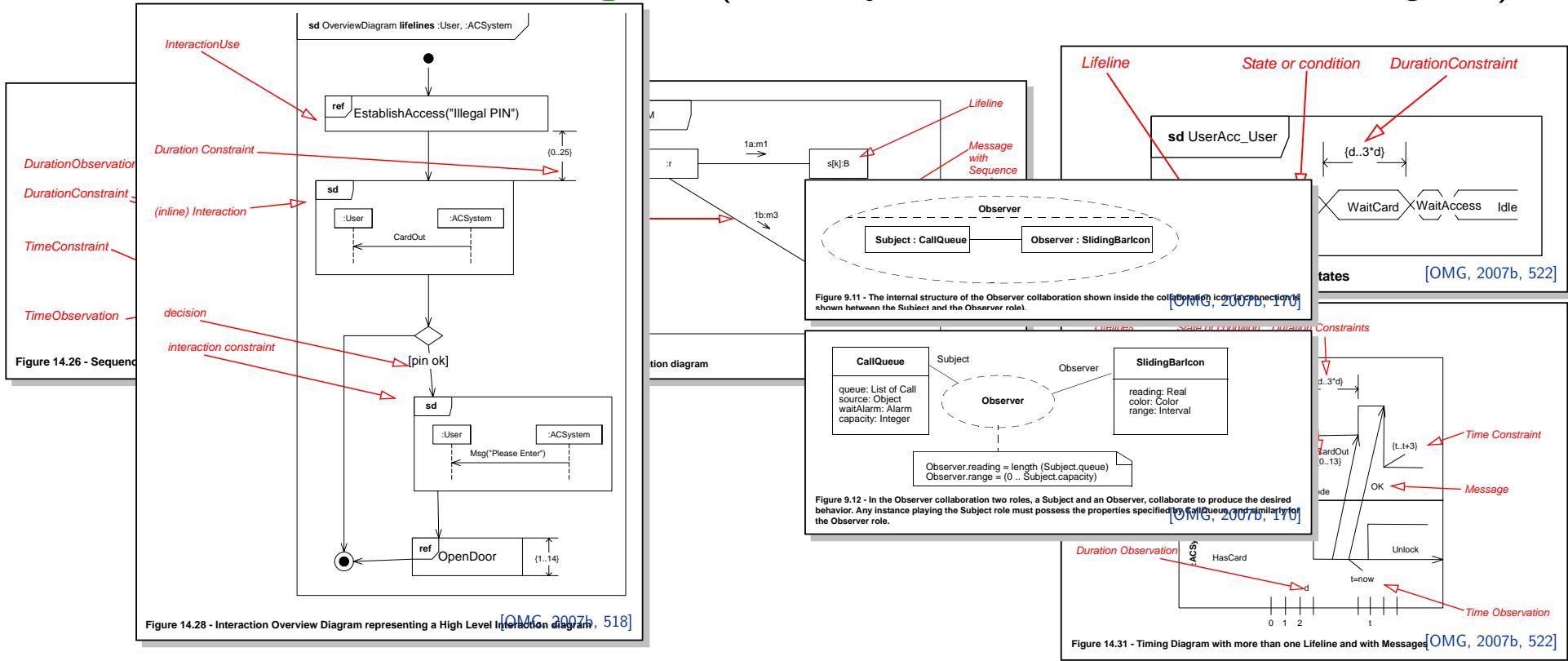
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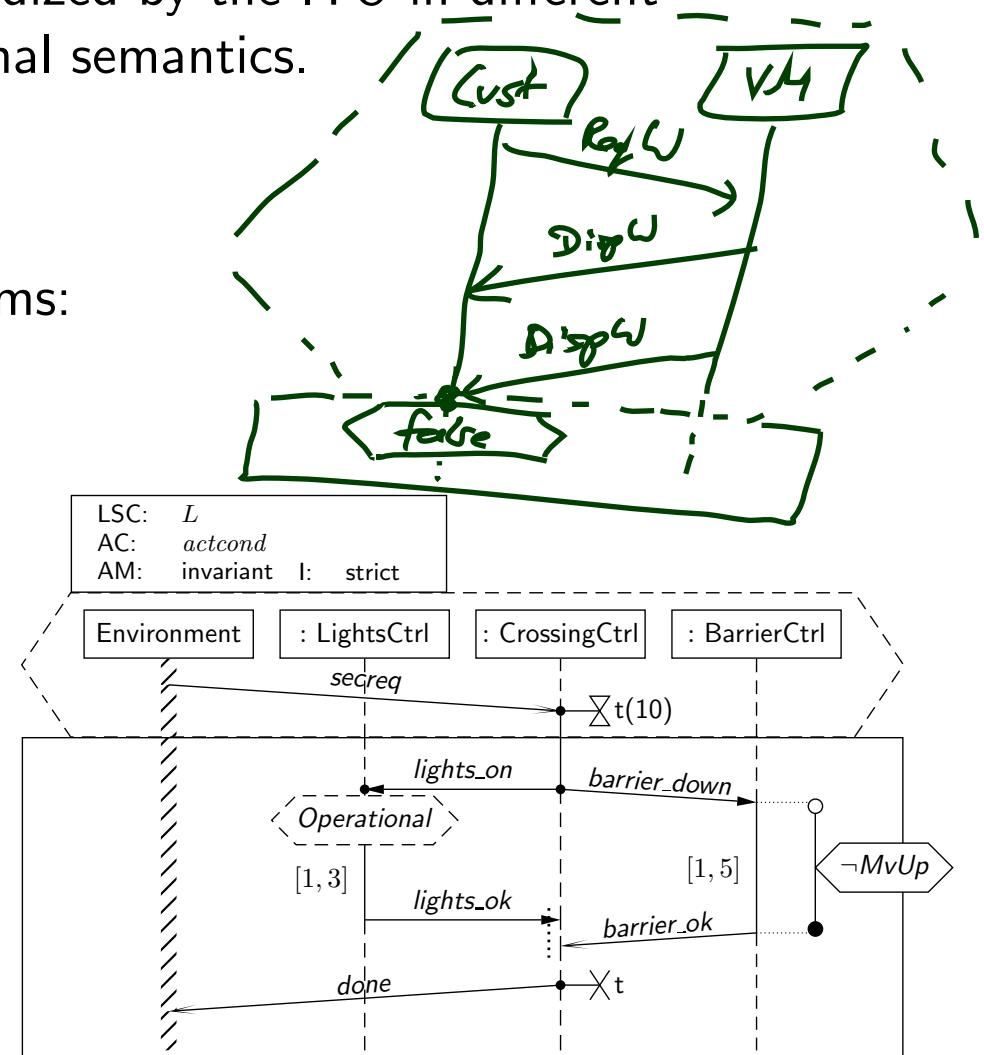
Why Sequence Diagrams?

Most Prominent: Sequence Diagrams — with **long history**:

- **Message Sequence Charts**, standardized by the ITU in different versions, often accused to lack a formal semantics.
- **Sequence Diagrams** of UML 1.x

Most severe **drawbacks** of these formalisms:

- unclear **interpretation**:
example scenario or invariant?
- unclear **activation**:
what triggers the requirement?
- unclear **progress** requirement:
must all messages be observed?
- **conditions** merely comments
- no means to express
forbidden scenarios



Thus: Live Sequence Charts

- **SDs of UML 2.x** address **some** issues, yet the standard exhibits unclarities and even contradictions [Harel and Maoz, 2007, Störrle, 2003]
- For the lecture, we consider **Live Sequence Charts** (LSCs) [Damm and Harel, 2001, Klose, 2003, Harel and Marelly, 2003], who have a common fragment with UML 2.x SDs [Harel and Maoz, 2007]
- **Modelling guideline:** stick to that fragment.

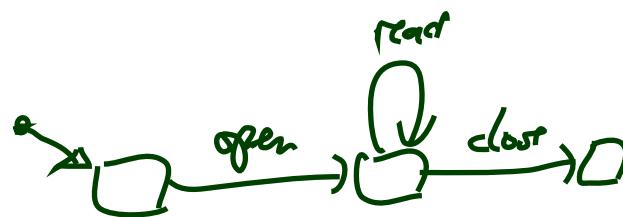
Side Note: Protocol Statemachines

Same direction: **call orders** on operations

- “for each C instance, method $f()$ shall only be called after $g()$ but before $h()$ ”

Can be formalised with protocol state machines.

PSM:



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