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Tutorials for "Formal methods for Java" Exercise sheet 3

Exercise 1: Specification in JML

Consider the following Java method:

```
static int f(int n) {
    int s = 0;
    int i = 0;
    while (i++ < n) {
        s = s + 2 * i - 1;
     }
    return s;
}</pre>
```

Write some code that calls the method f and prints its results conveniently. Write a precise specification with pre- and postcondition for method f. Assume as precondition that n is non-negative.

Exercise 2: Operational semantics of loops

By induction over k show the following statement for all $k \ge 0$:

 $\forall heap.\forall lcl. lcl(i)^2 = lcl(s) \land lcl(n) - lcl(i) = k \implies (Norm, heap, lcl) \xrightarrow{\texttt{while (i++<n)} \{\texttt{s=s+2*i-1};\}} (Norm, heap, lcl \oplus \{i \mapsto lcl(n) + 1, s \mapsto lcl(n)^2\})$

For simplicity you may ignore that in the operational semantics all arithmetic operations are done modulo 2^{32} .

Exercise 3: Proving correctness

Using the result of exercise 2, give a proof that method **f** fulfills the specification you gave in exercise 1, i.e., show for all (*Norm*, *heap*, *lcl*) that if *lcl*(*n*) fulfills the precondition, and (*Norm*, *heap*, *lcl*) \xrightarrow{body} (*Ret*, *heap'*, *lcl'*), where *body* is the body of **f**, then *lcl'*(\result) and *lcl*(*n*) fulfill the postcondition (as specified in lecture 5).

You can use the statement in exercise 2, even if you did not manage to prove it.