

trace,  
correct trace,  
control flow trace,  
program,  
correct program

in formal setting based on automata  
and regular languages

```
l0: assume p != 0;
```

```
l1: while(n >= 0)
```

```
{
```

```
l2:   assert p != 0;
```

```
      if(n == 0)
```

```
      {
```

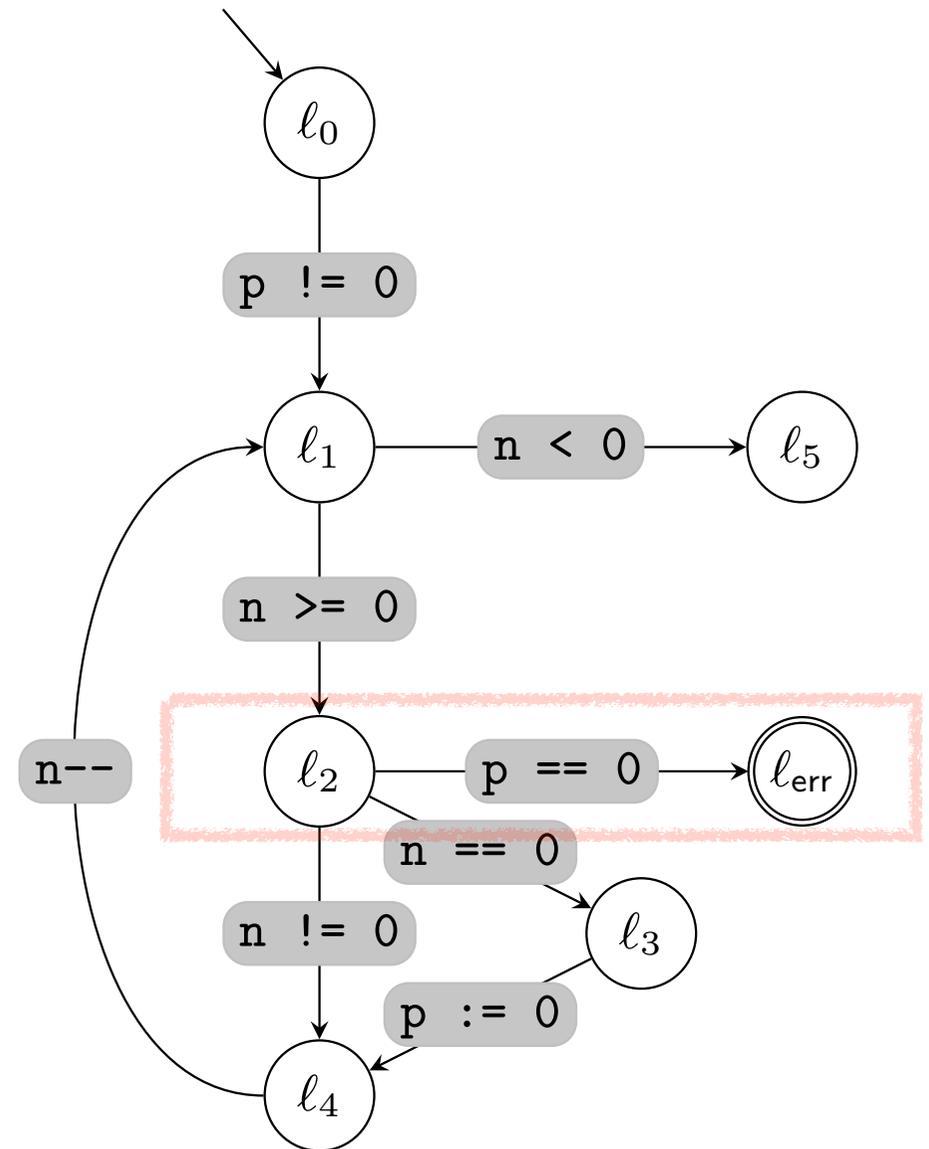
```
l3:   p := 0;
```

```
      }
```

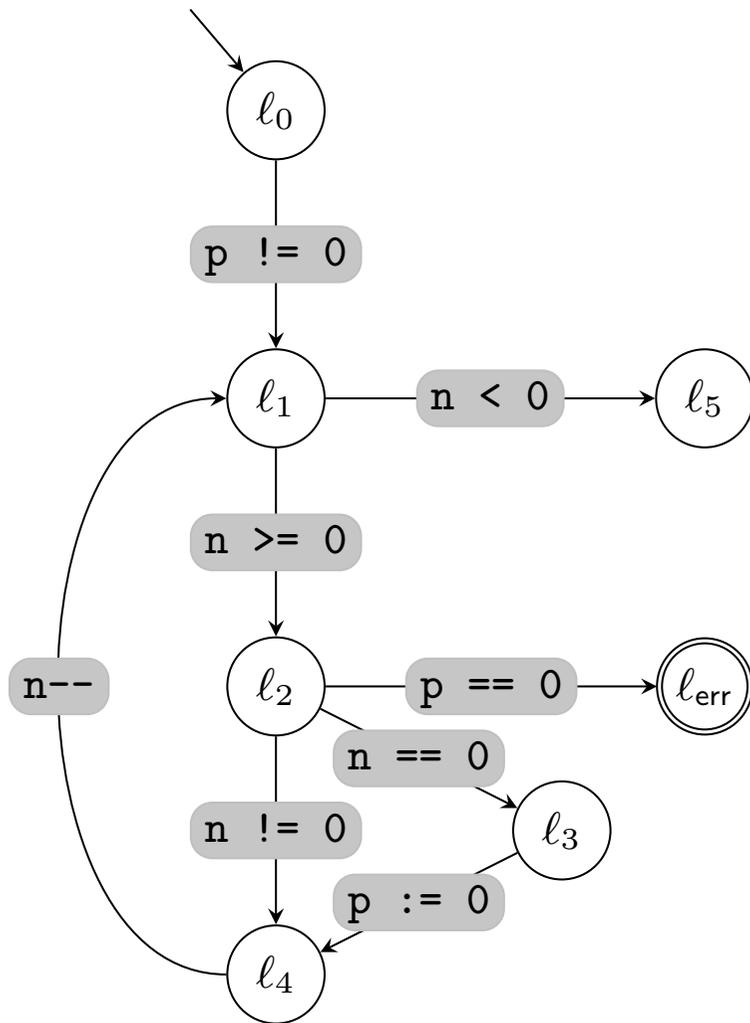
```
l4:   n--;
```

```
}
```

```
l5:
```



no execution violates assertion = no execution reaches error location



automaton

alphabet: {statements}

if program is correct  
then  
set of correct control flow traces is regular

if program is **not** correct  
then  
set of correct control flow traces is **non**-regular

set of correct traces is **non**-regular  
set of execution traces is **non**-regular  
set of correct execution traces is **non**-regular

fixed set of statements  $\Sigma$

trace  $\tau$  = sequence of statements = word over  $\Sigma$

$$\tau = s_1 \dots s_n$$

$$\{\text{traces}\} = \Sigma^*$$

$$\{\text{correct traces}\} = \{\tau \in \Sigma^* \mid \{\varphi_{\text{pre}}\} \tau \{\varphi_{\text{post}}\} \text{ is valid}\}$$

for trace  $\tau = st_1 \dots st_n$

$$\{\varphi\} \tau \{\psi\}$$

if

$$\{\varphi\} st_1 \{\varphi_1\}, \{\varphi_1\} st_2 \{\varphi_2\}, \dots, \{\varphi_{n-1}\} st \{\psi\}$$

program = control flow graph

nodes (“locations”)

edges labeled by statements

initial location

*exit* locations

program = control flow graph = automaton

nodes (“locations”)  
edges labeled by statements  
initial location  
exit locations

$$\mathcal{P} = (\text{Loc}, \delta, \ell_0, F)$$

$$\delta \subseteq \text{Loc} \times \Sigma \times \text{Loc}$$

$$\mathcal{P} = (\text{Loc}, \delta, \ell_0, F)$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{P}) \subseteq \Sigma^*$$

$$\{\text{control flow traces}\} = \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{P})$$

correctness of program  $\mathcal{P}$  via inclusion

$$\{\varphi_{\text{pre}}\} \mathcal{P} \{\varphi_{\text{post}}\}$$

if

$$\{\text{control flow traces}\} \subseteq \{\text{correct traces}\}$$

correctness of program  $\mathcal{P}$  via inclusion

$$\{\varphi_{\text{pre}}\} \mathcal{P} \{\varphi_{\text{post}}\}$$

if

$$\{\text{control flow traces}\} \subseteq \{\text{correct traces}\}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(\mathcal{P}) \subseteq \{\tau \in \Sigma^* \mid \{\varphi_{\text{pre}}\} \tau \{\varphi_{\text{post}}\} \text{ is valid}\}$$

program correct

if

$$\{\text{control flow traces}\} \subseteq \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}) \subseteq \{\text{correct traces}\}$$

program correct

if

$$\{\text{control flow traces}\} \subseteq \mathcal{L}(\mathcal{A}) \subseteq \{\text{correct traces}\}$$

proof rule:

find a regular subset of correct traces  
that is large enough to contain all control flow traces

## infeasible traces

`x==0. x==1`

`x:=0. x==1`

infeasibility  $\implies$  correctness

trace  $\tau$  infeasible:  $\{true\} \tau \{false\}$

execution trace: **feasible** control flow trace

regular set of control flow traces =  
abstraction of non-regular set of execution traces

abstraction does not introduce incorrect traces

if program is correct

then

set of correct control flow traces is regular

if program is correct  
then  
set of correct control flow traces is regular

because ...

if program is correct  
then

set of correct control flow traces = set of all control flow traces

if program is correct

then

set of correct control flow traces is regular

if program is not correct

then

set of correct control flow traces is in general non-regular