### Software Design, Modeling, and Analysis in UML

http://swt.informatik.uni-freiburg.de/teaching/WS2013-14/sdmauml

#### Exercise Sheet 3

Early submission: Monday, 2013-11-25, 10:00 Regular submission: Wednesday, 2013-11-27, 10:00

# Exercise 1 (5/20 Points)

Consider the Rhapsody example model of the automated rail cars system. The (composite) class AutomatedRailCarsSystem includes classes Terminal and Car.

Provide a signature which corresponds to the following part of the system:

- classes Terminal and Car,
- the associations between the two classes.
- and for each of the two classes, about three interesting basic type attributes of your choice.

(5)

Hints:

- To use Rhapsody, connect to archithor.informatik.uni-freiburg.de with some RDP client.
- The model of the automated rail cars system is located in C:/Program Files/Telelogic/Rhapsody 7.4/Samples/CppSamples/Cars
- The host can (for limited number of licences) only run a limited number of parallel instances of Rhapsody. If you don't get a license, please try again later. If the problem persists, tell me.
- In a Rhapsody model, classes and their structural relationships are specified by object model diagrams. For the purpose of the task, please disregard irrelevant "instance-related" information, i.e., the number and the object name in the first compartment in the boxes.

## Exercise 2 (5+5/20 Points)

Figure 1: Class diagram for Exercise 2.

Consider the class diagram  $\mathcal{CD}$  in Figure 1.

(i) Assume that the intention of the class diagram is to model lists of terminals that are doubly linked and located on a two-way circular path.

Provide a brief but adequate (textual) explanation of this intention and use object diagrams of system states of  $\mathcal{CD}$  to reasonably illustrate the text. (3)

Hint: you decide, what a "reasonable illustration" is, e.g. whether you use one or more object diagrams, whether you announce that they're partial or complete, etc.

- (ii) Give an object diagram of  $\mathcal{CD}$  which illustrates a case that is not intended. (2)
- (iii) Can you formalise this intention?

(By any means provided by the lecture? By any means?) (+5)

Exercise 3 (5/20 Points)

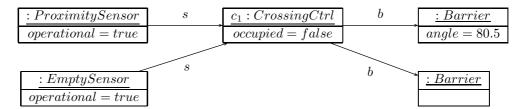


Figure 2: Object Diagram for Exercise 3.

Figure 2 shows an object diagram G for a railway crossing system.

(i) Provide a Rhapsody class diagram and a structure  $\mathscr D$  such that G becomes an object diagram wrt.  $\mathscr S$  (as defined by the class diagram) and  $\mathscr D$ .

(ii) Consider the following OCL expression *expr*:

context CrossingCtrl inv: occupied = false implies  $n \rightarrow forAll(it \mid it.angle > 80.0)$ 

Does G satisfy expr? If yes, explain the reason; otherwise, provide a counterexample in form of a system state. (2)

## Exercise 4 (5/20 Points)



Figure 3: Class diagram for Exercise 4.

Consider the class diagram  $\mathcal{CD}$  in Figure 3.

(i) Show that expr := self.p.x is well-typed, i.e. derive

$$A, C \vdash self.p.x > 0 : \tau$$

(3)

with  $A = self : \tau_C$  in the type-system from the lecture.

(ii) By the lecture's convention, x is public in C. Now assume x is changed to be private in C, is expr still well-typed after the change? (Briefly explain your answer.) (2)