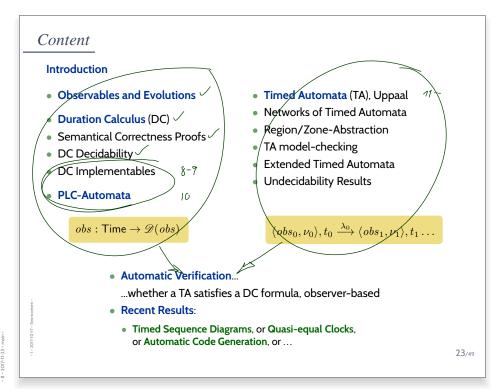
Real-Time Systems

Lecture 8: DC Implementables I

2017-11-23

Dr. Bernd Westphal

Albert-Ludwigs-Universität Freiburg, Germany



DC Implementables: Motivation

- 2017-11-23 - Scontant

• Problem: in general, a DC requirement doesn't tell how to achieve it, how to build a controller/write a program which ensures it.

$$\Box((\underbrace{\lceil \neg B \rceil \land \ell = 5}; \lceil B \rceil) \Longrightarrow (\underbrace{[L = \mathsf{yellow}]}; true))$$

"whenever a pedestrian presses the button 5 time units from now, then now the traffic lights should already be yellow"

Plus: road traffic should not see 'yellow' all the time.

$$\Box((\lceil B \land L = \mathsf{green} \rceil; \ell = 5) \implies (true; \lceil L = \mathsf{red} \rceil))$$

"whenever a pedestrian presses the button **now** while road traffic sees 'green', then **5** time units later (the latest) road traffic should see 'red'"

2017-11-23 - Simplimo

5/36

Requirements vs. Implementations

• **Problem:** in general, a DC requirement doesn't tell **how** to achieve it, how to build a controller/write a program which ensures it.

sensors

actuators

controller

plant

- What a controller (clearly) can do is:
 - consider inputs now,
 - change (local) state, or
 - wait,
 - set outputs now.

(But not, e.g., consider future inputs now.)

- So, if we have
 - a DC requirement 'Req',
 - a description 'Impl' in DC of the controller behaviour, which "uses" just these four operations,

then

- proving correctness (still) amounts to proving $\models_0 \text{Impl} \implies \text{Req (in DC)}$
- and we (more or less) know how to program (the correct) 'Impl' in a PLC language, or in C on a real-time OS, or or or...

- 8 - 2017-11-23 - Simplmotiv -

Approach: Control Automata and DC Implementables

Plan:

- Introduce **DC Standard Forms** (a sub-language of DC)
- Introduce Control Automata
- Introduce DC Implementables as a subset of DC Standard Forms
- Example: a correct controller design for the notorious Gas Burner



6/36

DC Standard Forms

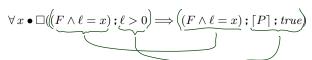
DC Standard Forms: Followed-by

In the following: F is a DC formula, P a state assertion, θ a rigid term.

• Followed-by:

$$F \longrightarrow [P] : \iff \neg \lozenge(F; \lceil \neg P \rceil) \iff \Box \neg (F; \lceil \neg P \rceil)$$

in other symbols



8 - 2017-11-23 - Sdcstdforms -

8/36

DC Standard Forms: Followed-by

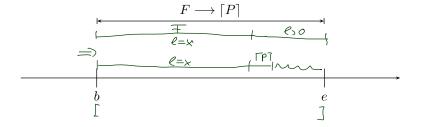
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• Followed-by:

$$F \longrightarrow \lceil P \rceil : \iff \neg \Diamond (F; \lceil \neg P \rceil) \iff \Box \neg (F; \lceil \neg P \rceil)$$

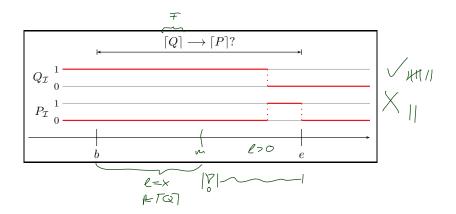
in other symbols

$$\forall x \bullet \Box ((F \land \ell = x); \ell > 0 \implies (F \land \ell = x); \lceil P \rceil; true)$$



- 2017-11-23 - Sdcstdforms -

$$\overrightarrow{+} > \lceil \overrightarrow{P} \rceil \quad \forall x \bullet \Box ((F \land \ell = x); \ell > 0 \implies (F \land \ell = x); \lceil \overrightarrow{P} \rceil; true)$$

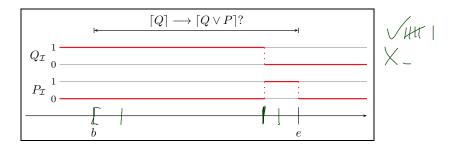


17-11-73 - Schetdforms

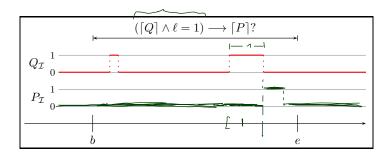
9/36

DC Standard Forms: Followed-by Examples

$$\forall x \bullet \Box ((F \land \ell = x); \ell > 0 \implies (F \land \ell = x); \lceil P \rceil; true)$$



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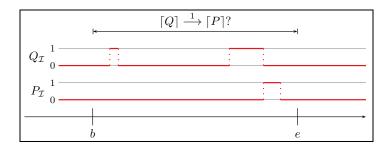
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11/36

DC Standard Forms: (Timed) leads-to

• (Timed) leads-to:

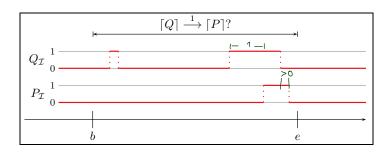
$$F \stackrel{\theta}{\longrightarrow} \lceil P \rceil : \Longleftrightarrow (F \land \ell = \theta) \longrightarrow \lceil P \rceil$$



8 - 2017-11-23 - Sdcstdforms -

• (Timed) leads-to:

$$F \stackrel{\theta}{\longrightarrow} \lceil P \rceil : \Longleftrightarrow (F \land \ell = \theta) \longrightarrow \lceil P \rceil$$



"if F persists for (at least) θ time units from time t, then there is $\lceil P \rceil$ after $\theta + t$ "

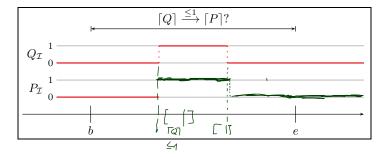
12/36

DC Standard Forms: (Timed) up-to

$$\forall x \bullet \Box ((F \land \ell = x); \ell > 0 \implies (F \land \ell = x); \lceil P \rceil; true)$$

• (Timed) up-to:

$$F \xrightarrow{\leq \theta} \lceil P \rceil : \Longleftrightarrow (F \land \ell \leq \theta) \longrightarrow \lceil P \rceil$$

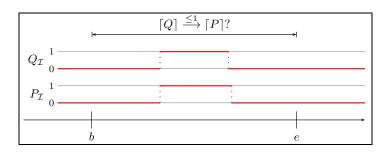


3 - 2017-11-23 - Sdcstdforms

$$\forall\,x\bullet\Box((F\wedge\ell=x)\,;\ell>0\implies(F\wedge\ell=x)\,;\lceil P\rceil\,;\mathit{true})$$

• (Timed) up-to:

$$F \xrightarrow{\leq \theta} \lceil P \rceil : \iff (F \land \ell \leq \theta) \longrightarrow \lceil P \rceil$$



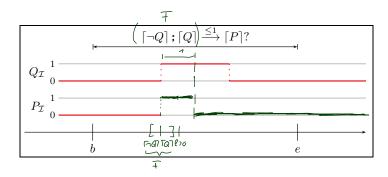
13/36

DC Standard Forms: (Timed) up-to

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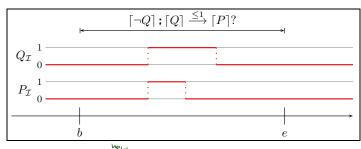


- 2017-11-23 - Sdcstdforms

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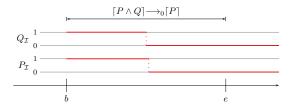
"during all \mathbb{Q} -phases of at most θ time units, there needs to be $\lceil P \rceil$ as well"

14/36

DC Standard Forms: Initialisation

• Followed-by-initially:

$$F \longrightarrow_0 \lceil P \rceil : \iff \neg (F; \lceil \neg P \rceil)$$



"after an initial phase with $\lceil P \wedge Q \rceil$, $\lceil P \rceil$ persists for some non-point interval"

• (Timed) up-to-initially:

$$F \xrightarrow{\leq \theta}_0 \lceil P \rceil : \iff (F \land \ell \leq \theta) \longrightarrow_0 \lceil P \rceil$$

• Initialisation:

$$\lceil \rceil \lor \lceil P \rceil$$
; true

- 8 - 2017-11-23 - Sdcstdforms -

Control Automata

16/36

Control Automata

- Let X_1, \ldots, X_k be state variables with **finite** domains $\mathcal{D}(X_1), \ldots, \mathcal{D}(X_k)$.
- X_1,\ldots,X_k together with a DC formula 'Impl' (over X_1,\ldots,X_k) is called system of *k* control automata.

• 'Impl' is typically a conjunction of DC implementables. (\rightarrow in a minute) Example: (Simplified) traffic lights: $X: \{\text{red}, \text{green}, \text{yellow}\}$, $[Impl := ([red] \longrightarrow [red \lor green]) \land ([green] \longrightarrow [green \lor yellow]) \land ([yellow] \longrightarrow [yellow \lor red]), \land ([] \lor [red]; true)$ System of 1 control automaton

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Example: (Simplified) traffic lights: $X : \{ red, green, yellow \}$,

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{Impl} := (\lceil \mathsf{red} \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{red} \vee \mathsf{green} \rceil) & \wedge & (\lceil \mathsf{green} \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{green} \vee \mathsf{yellow} \rceil) \\ & \wedge & (\lceil \mathsf{yellow} \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{yellow} \vee \mathsf{red} \rceil) & \wedge & (\lceil \rceil \vee \lceil \mathsf{red} \rceil \text{; } \mathit{true}) \end{split}$$

• Where's the automaton? Here, look:



- 2017-11-23 - Sctrlaut -

17/36

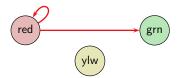
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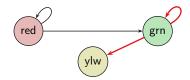
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17/36

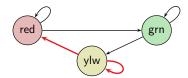
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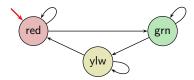
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17/36

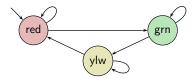
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• Where's the automaton? Here, look:



- 8 - 2017-11-23 - Sctrlaut -

Phases

• A state assertion of the form

$$X_i = d_i, \quad d_i \in \mathcal{D}(X_i),$$

which constrains the values of X_i , is called **basic phase** of X_i .

- A phase of X_i is a Boolean combination of basic phases of X_i .
- Abbreviations:
 - Write X_i instead of $X_i = 1$, if X_i is Boolean.
 - Write d_i instead of $X_i = d_i$, if $\mathcal{D}(X_i)$ is disjoint from $\mathcal{D}(X_j)$, $i \neq j$.
- Examples
 - Basic phases of X: (X = green) (green) (red) (yellow)
 - $\bullet \ \, \textbf{Phases of} \ \, X \colon \ \, \Big(X = \mathsf{green} \lor X = \mathsf{yellow} \! \Big) \ \, \Big(\mathsf{green} \lor \mathsf{yellow} \! \Big) \ \, \Big(\neg \mathsf{red} \! \Big) \ \, \dots \\$
 - · Not a phase: (X=grown B=pressed) [two different observables]

18/36

DC Implementables

- 8 - 2017-11-23 - main -

DC Implementables

- ... are special patterns of DC Standard Forms (due to A.P. Ravn).
- Within one pattern,
 - π, π_1, \dots, π_n , $n \ge 0$, denote phases of the same state variable X_i ,
 - φ denotes a state assertion not depending on X_i .
 - θ denotes a rigid term.
- Initialisation:

$$\lceil \rceil \vee \lceil \pi \rceil$$
; true

"initially, the control automaton is in phase π "

Sequencing:

$$[\pi] \longrightarrow [\pi \vee \pi_1 \vee \cdots \vee \pi_n]$$

"when the control automaton is in π , it subsequently stays in π or moves to one of $\pi_1, \dots \pi_n$ "

Progress:

$$\lceil \pi \rceil \xrightarrow{\theta} \lceil \neg \pi \rceil$$

"after the control automaton stayed in phase π for θ time units, is subsequently leaves this phase, thus progresses"

20/36

DC Implementables Cont'd

• Synchronisation:

$$\lceil \pi \wedge \varphi \rceil \xrightarrow{\theta} \lceil \neg \pi \rceil$$

"after the control automaton stayed for θ time units in phase π with the condition φ being true, it subsequently leaves this phase"

• Bounded Stability:

$$\lceil \neg \pi \rceil$$
; $\lceil \pi \land \varphi \rceil \xrightarrow{\leq \theta} \lceil \pi \lor \pi_1 \lor \cdots \lor \pi_n \rceil$

"if the control automaton changed its phase to π with the condition φ being true and the time since this change does not exceed θ time units, it subsequently stays in π or moves to one of π_1,\ldots,π_n "

Unbounded Stability:

$$\lceil \neg \pi \rceil$$
; $\lceil \pi \land \varphi \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \pi \lor \pi_1 \lor \cdots \lor \pi_n \rceil$

"if the control automaton changed its phase to π with the condition φ being true, it subsequently stays in π or moves to one of π_1,\ldots,π_n "

- 8 - 2017-11-23 - Simpl -

• Bounded initial stability:

$$\lceil \pi \wedge \varphi \rceil \xrightarrow{\leq \theta}_0 \lceil \pi \vee \pi_1 \vee \dots \vee \pi_n \rceil$$

"when the control automaton initially is in phase π with condition φ being true and the current time does not exceed θ time units, the control automaton subsequently stays in π or moves to one of π_1,\ldots,π_n "

• Unbounded initial stability:

$$[\pi \land \varphi] \longrightarrow_0 [\pi \lor \pi_1 \lor \cdots \lor \pi_n]$$

"when the control automaton initially is in phase π with condition φ being true, the control automaton subsequently stays in π or moves to one of π_1, \ldots, π_n "

2017-11-23 - Simpl -

22/36

Using DC Implementables for (Controller) Specifications

- Let X_1, \ldots, X_k be a system of k control automata.
- Let 'Impl' be a conjunction of DC implementables.
- Then 'Impl' specifies / denotes all interpretations $\mathcal I$ of X_1,\dots,X_k and all valuations $\mathcal V$ such that $\mathcal I,\mathcal V\models_0$ Impl
- In other words: 'Impl' denotes the set $\{(\mathcal{I}, \mathcal{V}) \mid \mathcal{I}, \mathcal{V} \models_0 \text{Impl}\}$ of interpretations and valuations which realise 'Impl' from 0.
- Controller Verification:

If 'Impl' describes (exactly or over-approximating) the behaviour of a controller, then proving the controller correct wrt. requirements 'Req' amounts to showing

$$\models_0 \mathsf{Impl} \implies \mathsf{Req}$$

• Controller Specification: Dear programmers, 'Impl' describes my design idea (and I have shown ⊨₀ Impl ⇒ Req), please provide a controller program whose behaviour is a subset of 'Impl'; that is: a correct implementation of my design.

- 8 - 2017-11-23 - Simpl -

-8 - 2017-11-23 - main -

24/36

Control Automata for the Gas Burner

A gas burner controller can be modelled as a system of four control automata:



- ullet $H:\{0,1\}$ heating request
- $F: \{0,1\}$ flame sensor

implementables constraining phases of H,F express <u>environment assumptions</u>; H,F in controller implementables correspond to reading sensor values,

- outputs / actuators:
 - $G: \{0, 1\}$ gas valve

implementables constraining phases of ${\cal G}$ describe the connection between controller states and actuators.

- local state / controller:
 - *C* : {idle, purge, ignite, burn},

to produce the desired behaviour, the controller makes use of four local states.

plant sensors controller

8 - 2017-11-23 - Sexa -

Gas Burner Controller: Control State Changes

$C: \{idle, purge, ignite, burn\}$





26/36

Gas Burner Controller: Control State Changes

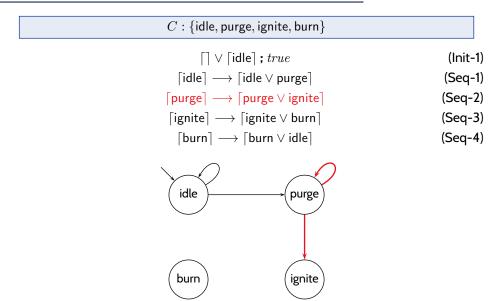
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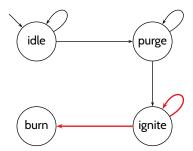
- 2017-11-23 - Sexa -

Gas Burner Controller: Control State Changes



26/36

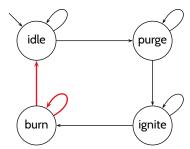
$C: \{\mathsf{idle}, \mathsf{purge}, \mathsf{ignite}, \mathsf{burn}\}$



26/36

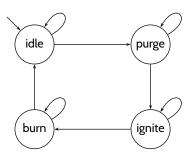
Gas Burner Controller: Control State Changes

$C: \{idle, purge, ignite, burn\}$



$C: \{\mathsf{idle}, \mathsf{purge}, \mathsf{ignite}, \mathsf{burn}\}$

$\lceil \rceil \lor \lceil idle \rceil$; $true$	(Init-1)
$\lceil idle \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil idle \lor purge \rceil$	(Seq-1)
$\lceil purge \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil purge \lor ignite \rceil$	(Seq-2)
$\lceil ignite \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil ignite \lor burn \rceil$	(Seq-3)
$\lceil burn \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil burn \lor idle \rceil$	(Seq-4)

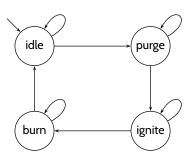


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26/36

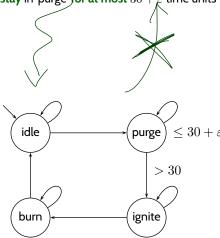
Gas Burner Controller: Timing Constraints

"after changing to 'purge', stay there for at least 30 time units (or: leave after 30 the earliest); you may stay in 'purge' for at most $30+\varepsilon$ time units"



- 2017-11-23 - Sexa -

"after changing to 'purge', stay there for at least 30 time units (or: leave after 30 the earliest); you may stay in 'purge' for at most $30+\varepsilon$ time units"



27/36

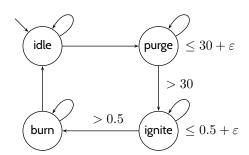
Gas Burner Controller: Timing Constraints

$$\lceil \neg purge \rceil$$
; $\lceil purge \rceil \xrightarrow{\leq 30} \lceil purge \rceil$ (Stab-2)

$$\lceil \mathsf{purge} \rceil \overset{30+\varepsilon}{\longrightarrow} \lceil \neg \mathsf{purge} \rceil \tag{Prog-1}$$

"after changing to 'purge', stay there for at least 30 time units (or: leave after 30 the earliest); you may stay in 'purge' for at most $30+\varepsilon$ time units"

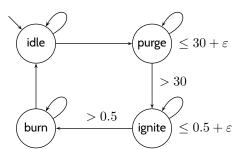
$$\lceil \neg \text{ignite} \rceil$$
; $\lceil \text{ignite} \rceil \stackrel{\leq 0.5}{\longrightarrow} \lceil \text{ignite} \rceil$ (Stab-3)



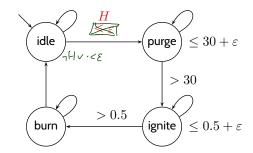
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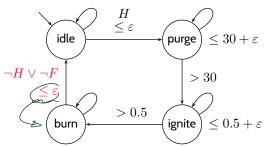
8 - 2017-11-23 - Cava -

(Syn-1)	$\lceil idle \wedge H \rceil \overset{arepsilon}{\longrightarrow} \lceil \neg idle \rceil$
(Syn-2)	$\lceil burn \wedge (\neg H \vee \neg F) \rceil \overset{\varepsilon}{\longrightarrow} \lceil \neg burn \rceil$
(Stab-1)	$\lceil \neg idle \rceil$; $\lceil idle \land \neg H \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil idle \rceil$
(Stab-1-init)	$\lceil idle \wedge \neg H \rceil \longrightarrow_0 \lceil idle \rceil$
(Stab-4)	$\lceil \neg burn \rceil$; $\lceil burn \land H \land F \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil burn \rceil$

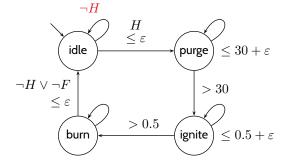


Gas Burner Controller: Inputs

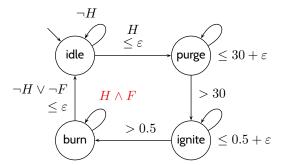




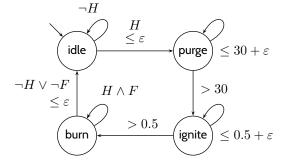
Gas Burner Controller: Inputs



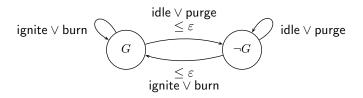
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Gas Burner Controller: Inputs



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29/36

Gas Burner Controller: Environment Assumptions

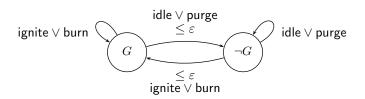
$$G: \{0, 1\}$$

$$\lceil \rceil \vee \lceil \neg G \rceil$$
; $true$ (Init-4)

-8 - 2017-11-23 - Sexa -

$$G: \{0,1\}$$

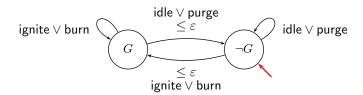
$$\lceil \rceil \vee \lceil \neg G \rceil$$
; $true$ (Init-4)



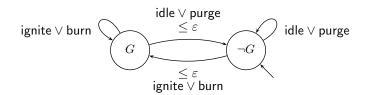
Gas Burner Controller: Environment Assumptions

$$G:\{0,1\}$$

$$\lceil \rceil \vee \lceil \neg G \rceil$$
; true (Init-4)



Gas Burner Controller: Environment Assumptions



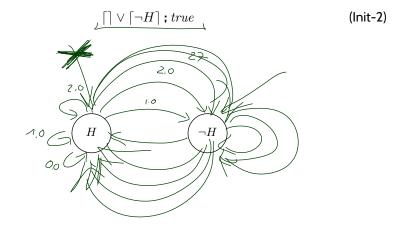
30/36

Gas Burner Controller: Environment Assumptions

$$H:\{0,1\}$$

$$\lceil \rceil \vee \lceil \neg H \rceil$$
 ; $true$ (Init-2)





Gas Burner Controller: Environment Assumptions

 $H:\{0,1\}$

 $\lceil \rceil \lor \lceil \neg H \rceil$; true (Init-2)



$$F:\{0,1\}$$

1 - 2017-11-23 - Sexa

32/36

Gas Burner Controller: Environment Assumptions

$$F: \{0, 1\}$$





Gas Burner Controller: Environment Assumptions

$$F:\{0,1\}$$





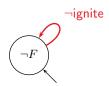
- 2017-11-23 - Sava -

32/36

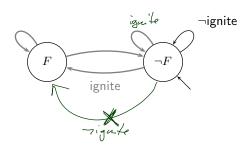
Gas Burner Controller: Environment Assumptions

$$F: \{0, 1\}$$





$$F: \{0, 1\}$$



017-11-23 - Sava

32/36

Gas Burner Controller: The Complete Specification

Controller: (local)

 $\lceil \rceil \vee \lceil \mathsf{idle} \rceil$; true, (Init-1) $\lceil \mathsf{idle} \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{idle} \lor \mathsf{purge} \rceil$ (Seq-1) $\lceil \mathsf{purge} \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{purge} \lor \mathsf{ignite} \rceil$ (Seq-2) $\lceil \mathsf{ignite} \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{ignite} \lor \mathsf{burn} \rceil$ (Seq-3) $\lceil \mathsf{burn} \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{burn} \vee \mathsf{idle} \rceil$ (Seq-4) $\lceil \mathsf{purge} \rceil \overset{30+\varepsilon}{\longrightarrow} \lceil \neg \mathsf{purge} \rceil$ (Prog-1) $[\mathsf{ignite}] \overset{0.5+\varepsilon}{\longrightarrow} [\neg \mathsf{ignite}]$ (Prog-2) $\lceil \neg \mathsf{purge} \rceil$; $\lceil \mathsf{purge} \rceil \xrightarrow{\leq 30} \lceil \mathsf{purge} \rceil$ (Stab-2) $\lceil \neg \mathsf{ignite} \rceil$; $\lceil \mathsf{ignite} \rceil \overset{\leq 0.5}{\longrightarrow} \lceil \mathsf{ignite} \rceil$ (Stab-3) $\lceil \mathsf{idle} \wedge H \rceil \overset{\varepsilon}{\longrightarrow} \lceil \neg \mathsf{idle} \rceil$ (Syn-1) $\lceil \mathsf{burn} \wedge (\neg H \vee \neg F) \rceil \xrightarrow{\varepsilon} \lceil \neg \mathsf{burn} \rceil$ (Syn-2) $\lceil \neg \mathsf{idle} \rceil$; $\lceil \mathsf{idle} \land \neg H \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{idle} \rceil$ (Stab-1) $\lceil \mathsf{idle} \wedge \neg H \rceil \longrightarrow_0 \lceil \mathsf{idle} \rceil$ (Stab-1-init) $\lceil \neg \mathsf{burn} \rceil$; $\lceil \mathsf{burn} \land H \land F \rceil \longrightarrow \lceil \mathsf{burn} \rceil$ (Stab-4)

Gas Valve: (output)

- Controller hardware platforms can
 - read inputs, change local state,
 - wait, write outputs.
- If we limit controller behaviour descriptions to these "operations", there's (at least) no principle obstacle to implement the design.
- One such limited specification language:
 - DC Implementables,
 - a set of patterns of DC Standard Forms.
- DC Implementables basically conftrain:
 - local state changes, synchronisation with inputs
 - and outputs, timed stability and progress
- This is sufficient to formalise a <u>correct (safe)</u>
 Gas Burner controller design specification.

References

References

Olderog, E.-R. and Dierks, H. (2008). *Real-Time Systems - Formal Specification and Automatic Verification*. Cambridge University Press.

8 - 2017-11-23 - main

36/36