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Tutorial for Cyber-Physical Systems - Discrete Models Exercise Sheet 6

Exercise 1: Linear-Time Properties

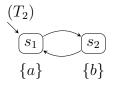
5 Points

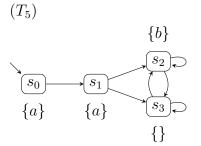
The goal of this exercise is to find properties for given transition systems. Assume $AP = \{a, b\}$. For each of the transition system T_i , complete the following tasks:

- (a) Give a property (different from "True") using set comprehension that is satisfied by T_i . Do not use any property more than once.
- (b) Give a property (different from "False") using set comprehension that is not satisfied by T_i . Do not use any property more than once.

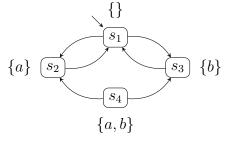
$$(T_1) (T_4)$$

$$\overbrace{s_0 \ (S_1 \ (S_2) \ (A) \ (B) \ (B) \ (B) \ (A) \ (B) \ (A) \ (B) \ (A) \ (A)$$









Exercise 2: Starvation Freedom

5 Points

9 Points

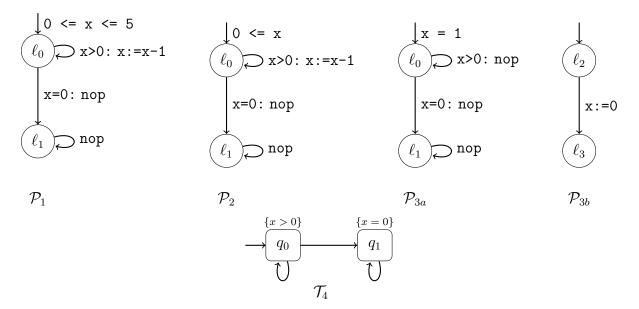
Below you can see two different definitions of the starvation freedom property for the mutual exclusion problem. We consider the set of atomic propositions $AP = \{wait_1, wait_2, crit_1, crit_2\}$. The properties are defined as

$$LIVE := \begin{cases} \text{set of all infinite traces } A_0A_1A_2\dots \text{ s.t.} \\ (\exists i \in \mathbb{N} . \mathsf{wait}_1 \in A_i) \to \exists i \in \mathbb{N} . \mathsf{crit}_1 \in A_i \\ (\exists i \in \mathbb{N} . \mathsf{wait}_2 \in A_i) \to \exists i \in \mathbb{N} . \mathsf{crit}_2 \in A_i \end{cases}$$
$$LIVE' := \begin{cases} \text{set of all infinite traces } A_0A_1A_2\dots \text{ s.t.} \\ \forall i \in \mathbb{N} . (\mathsf{wait}_1 \in A_i \to \exists j \in \mathbb{N} . j \ge i \land \mathsf{crit}_1 \in A_j) \\ \forall i \in \mathbb{N} . (\mathsf{wait}_2 \in A_i \to \exists j \in \mathbb{N} . j \ge i \land \mathsf{crit}_2 \in A_i) \end{cases}$$

- (a) Show that the property LIVE' is at least as strong as the property LIVE, i.e., prove that $LIVE' \subseteq LIVE$.
- (b) Show that LIVE' is a strictly stronger property than LIVE: Give an infinite trace $\pi = A_0A_1A_2...$, and prove that $\pi \in LIVE$ but $\pi \notin LIVE'$.
- (c) Does such a trace π with $\pi \in LIVE$ but $\pi \notin LIVE'$ exist in the transition systems for mutual exclusion discussed in the lecture (with semaphore resp. with Peterson algorithm)? Why/why not?
- (d) Does there exist a trace π with $\pi \in LIVE'$ but $\pi \notin LIVE$ in the transition systems for mutual exclusion discussed in the lecture (with semaphore resp. with Peterson algorithm)? Why/why not?

Exercise 3: Trace Inclusion

Consider the program graphs \mathcal{P}_1 , \mathcal{P}_2 , \mathcal{P}_{3a} , and \mathcal{P}_{3b} as well as the transition system \mathcal{T}_4 .



The domain of the variable x in all 3 program graphs is the set of integers \mathbb{Z} . The effect of the assignment action is as expected, and $Effect(nop, \eta) = \eta$.

- (a) Draw the (reachable part of the) transition systems $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_1}$, $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_2}$ and $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_{3a} \parallel \mid \mathcal{P}_{3b}}$. As atomic propositions of the transition system, use the guards of the actions in the program graph, i.e. $AP = \{x > 0, x = 0\}$.
- (b) For each of the 12 possible pairs $(\mathcal{T}, \mathcal{T}')$ that one can form with \mathcal{T} and \mathcal{T}' in $\{\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_1}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_2}, \mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_{3a}||\mathcal{P}_{3b}}, \mathcal{T}_4\}$, consider the trace inclusion $Traces(\mathcal{T}) \subseteq Traces(\mathcal{T}')$. If it holds, argue why this is the case. If it does not hold, give a trace $\pi = A_0A_1A_2...$ such that $\pi \in Traces(\mathcal{T})$ but $\pi \notin Traces(\mathcal{T}')$.
- (c) Give a property E (i.e., a set of traces) such that $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_1} \models E$ and $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_2} \models E$ but $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_{3a} \parallel \mathcal{P}_{3b}} \not\models E$ and $\mathcal{T}_4 \not\models E$. Explain why each of the four hold; i.e., argue why $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_1}$ and $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_2}$ satisfy the property E, and give traces of $\mathcal{T}_{\mathcal{P}_{3a} \parallel \mathcal{P}_{3b}}$ and \mathcal{T}_4 that violate the property E.